

Fast Orbit Feedback at the SLS

T. Schilcher, M. Böge, B. Keil, P. Pollet, V. Schlott

Outline

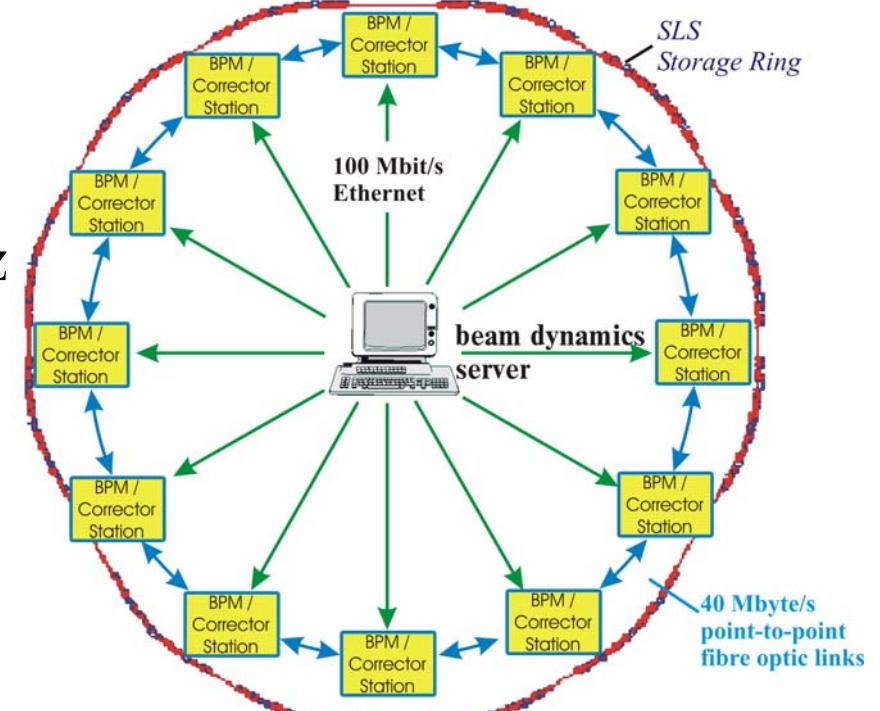
- (Initial) Stability Requirements
- Orbit Feedback Layout
- Fast Orbit Feedback Results
- Experiences / Limitations / Extensions

Stability Requirements

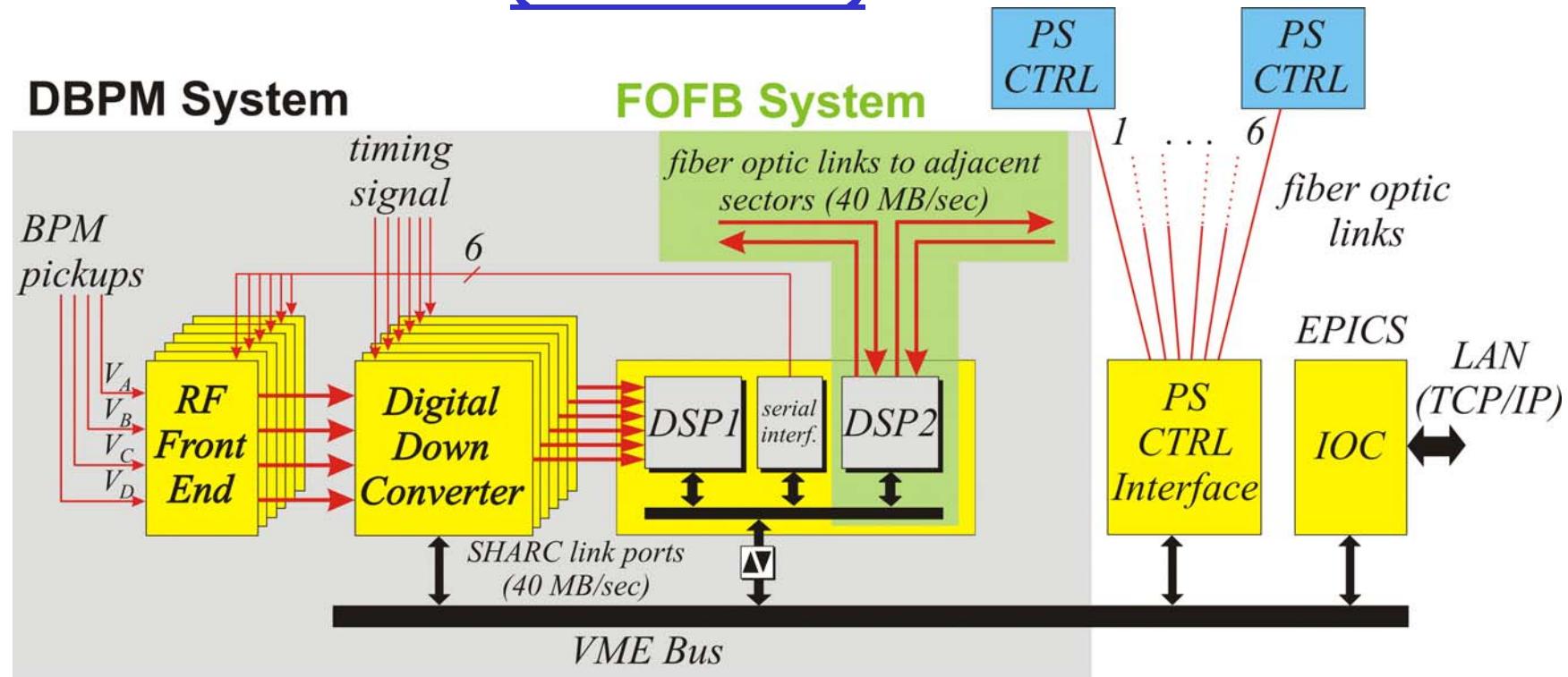
- **Angular stability:** $\Delta\Theta_{\text{beam}} < 1 \mu\text{rad}$ *
* typical $< 10 \mu\text{m}$ at the experiment
- **Position stability:**
 $\sigma/10$ at Insertion Devices (ID)
 - low beta ID: vertical beam size $\sim 10 \mu\text{m}$ (1% coupling)
 - **1 μm RMS in vertical plane**
- **suppression** of orbit distortion up to 100 Hz by factor of >5
- fast compensation of orbit distortions due to **ID gap changes**

Fast Orbit Feedback Layout

- only **one** feedback
- 6 BPMs / 6 corrector magnets in each plane, 12 sectors
- **decentralized** data processing
- sampling and correction rate: 4 kHz
- point-to-point fiber optic ring structure for global data exchange
- initialization and control by beam dynamics application (BD server)
- Femto project: additional BPM(s) and corrector magnet(s)



DBPM / Fast Orbit Feedback Hardware Layout (sector view)



- DSP processor: ADSP2106x (on the market since Sep. 1994)
- DDC: Intersil HSP50214 (on the market since ~1997)

FOFB: A highly sophisticated system

Required Subsystems:

- 72 DBPMs
- fast network for real time data exchange (24 modules)
- power supplies (144 PS + 24 VME interface boards)
- timing system (12 boards + ...)
- network
- control system (vxWorks, EPICS, Linux, Oracle DB)
- beam dynamics services
- “operator...” ☺

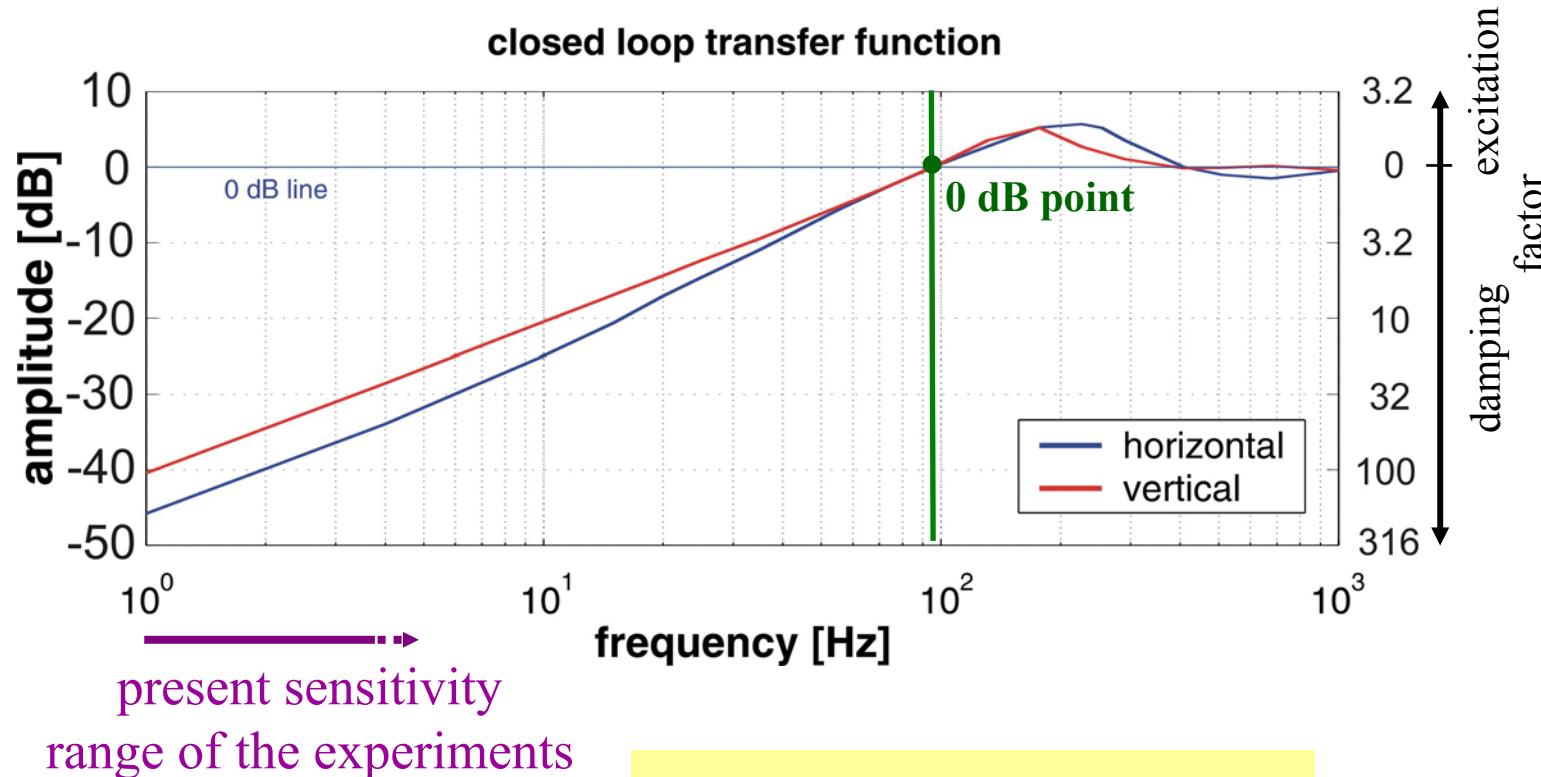
A failure in any subsystem will result in failure of the FOFB...

Performance: Stability Frequency Ranges

- **short term stability:** $\sim 6 \text{ ms} - 1 \text{ s}$ (1 Hz – 150 Hz)
mainly limited by
 - BPM resolution
 - corrector magnet resolution
 - system latency
 - eddy currents in vacuum chambers
- **long term stability:** 1 s – days (run period)
mainly limited by
 - reliability of hardware components
 - systematic errors of BPMs
 - thermal equilibrium of the machine (\rightarrow top-up)

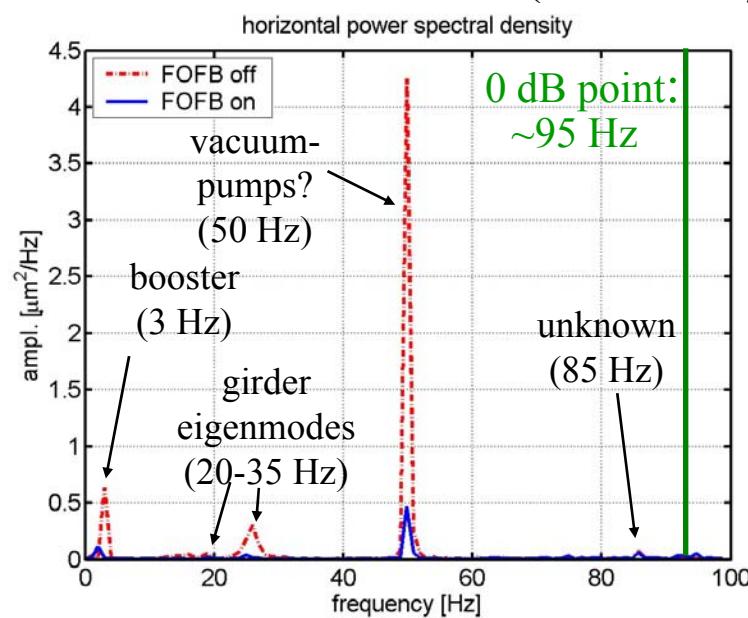
Performance: Short Term Stability

transfer function measurement

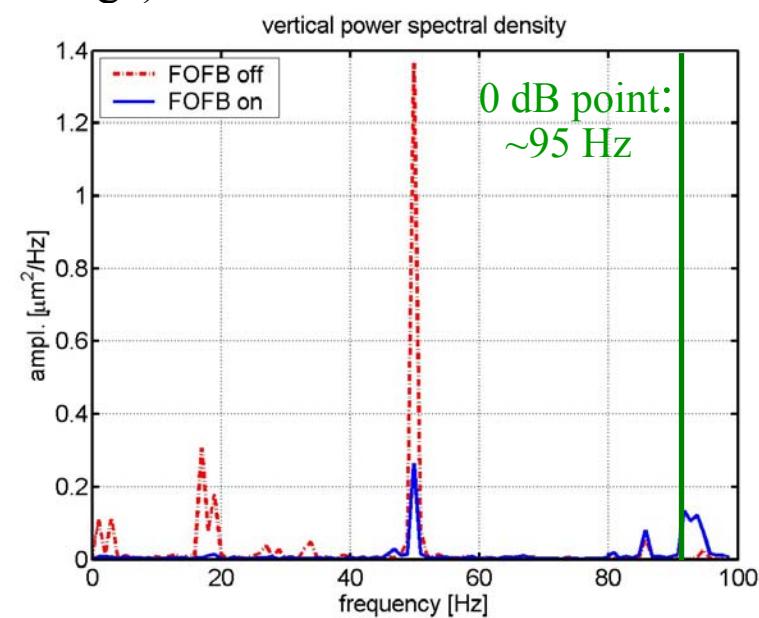


FOFB: spectral power density (1-100 Hz)

Fast Orbit Feedback **off/on**
(without any ID gap change)



horizontal



vertical

(measured at tune BPM, outside of the feedback loop, $\beta_x=11$ m, $\beta_y=18$ m)

FOFB: Cumulated Power Spectral Density (1-150 Hz)

	horizontal		vertical	
FOFB	off	on	off	on
1- 100 Hz	0.83 μm · √β_x	0.38 μm · √β_x	0.40 μm · √β_y	0.27 μm · √β_y
100-150 Hz	0.08 μm · √β _x	0.17 μm · √β _x	0.06 μm · √β _y	0.11 μm · √β _y
1-150 Hz	0.83 μm · √β _x	0.41 μm · √β _x	0.41 μm · √β _y	0.29 μm · √β _y

RMS values to be scaled with $\sqrt{\beta}$ at desired location

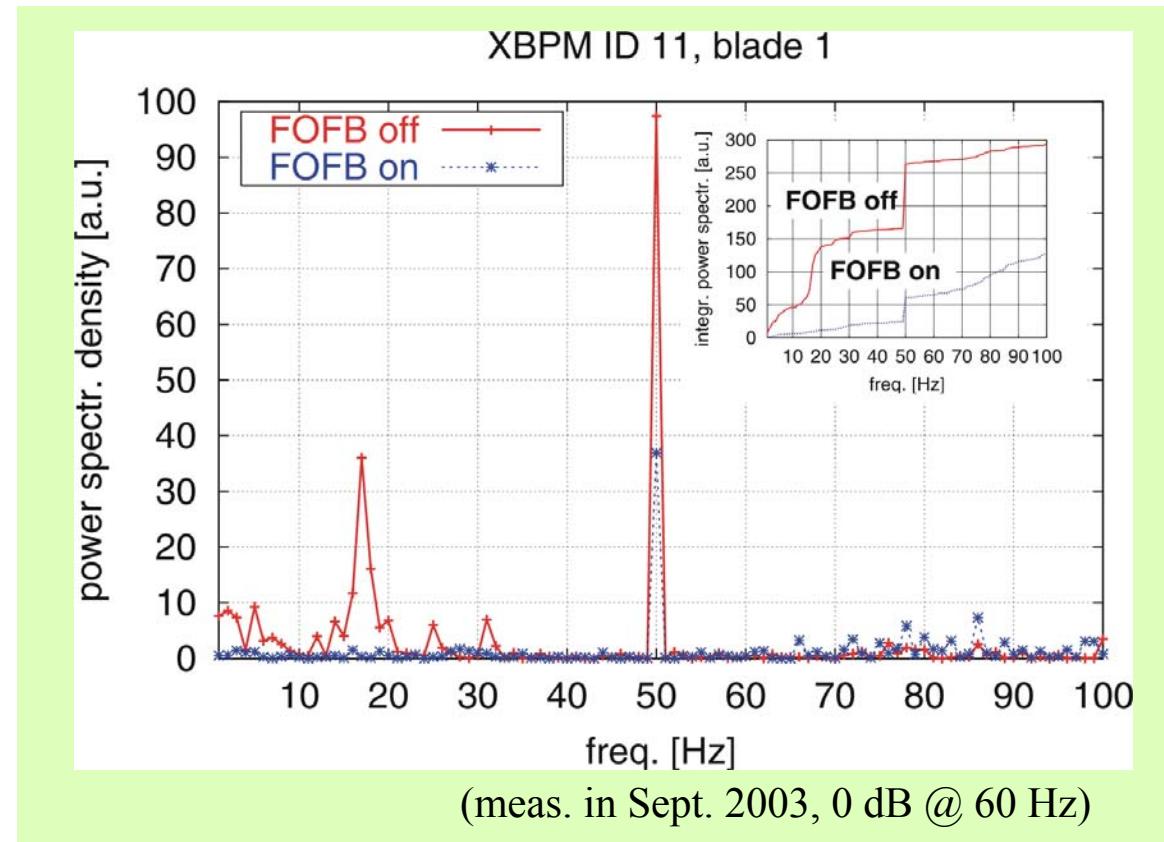
Examples (with FOFB):

Tune BPM ($\beta_y=18$ m): $\sigma_y = \sqrt{18} \cdot 0.29 \mu\text{m} = \mathbf{1.2 \mu\text{m}}$ (1 – 150 Hz)

Source point at ID 6S ($\beta_y=0.9$ m): $\sigma_y = \sqrt{0.9} \cdot 0.29 \mu\text{m} = \mathbf{0.28 \mu\text{m}}$ (1 – 150 Hz)

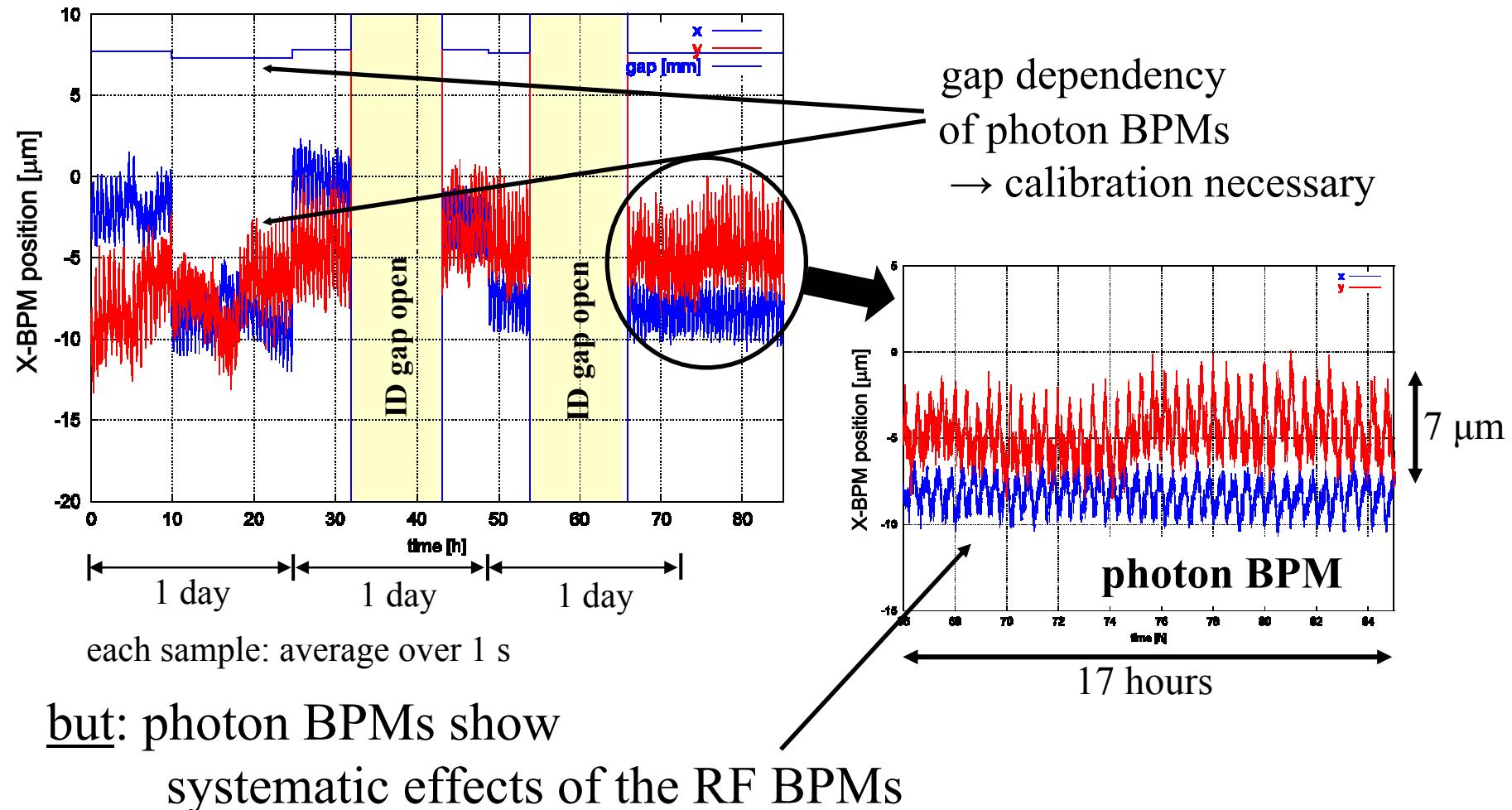
Performance: Short Term Stability (external reference: Photon BPM at beamline 11M)

- power spectral density @ single PBPM blade
- no synchronous readout of all 4 blades yet to determine hor./ver. PSD



⇒ successful suppression of noise sources originating from the electron beam

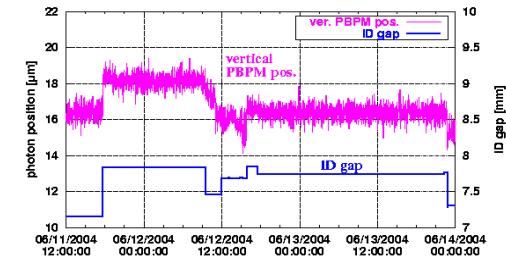
Performance: Long Term Stability (external reference: PBPM at beamline 6S)



Performance: Long Term Stability

Strategy:

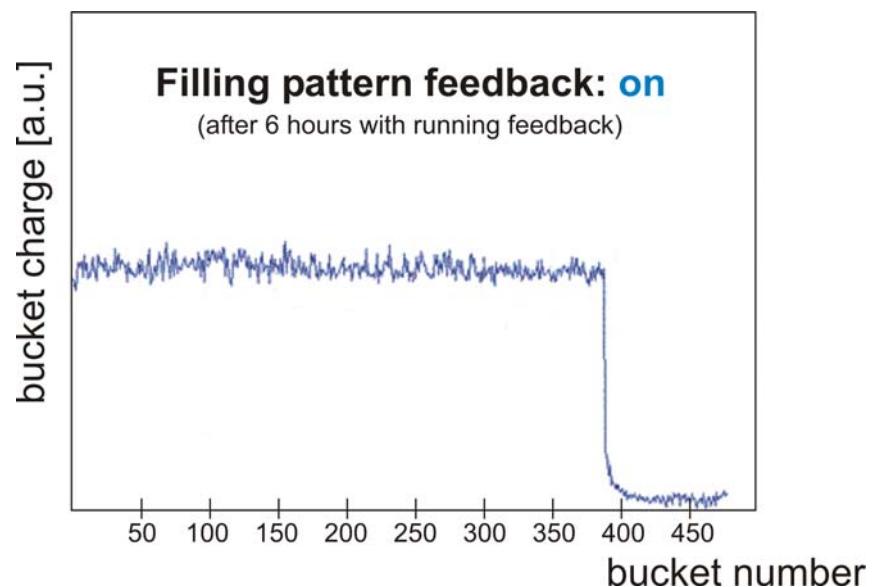
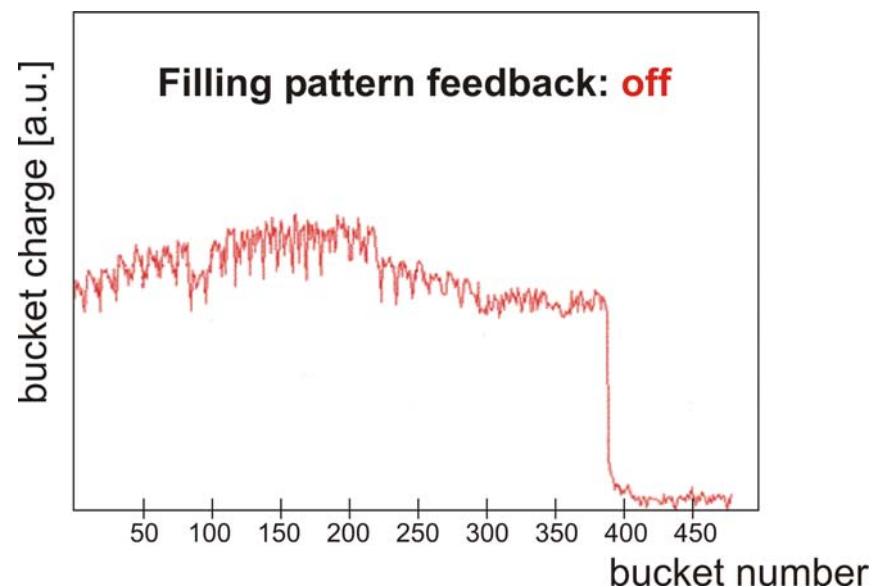
- if photon BPMs are reliable enough
 - ⇒ used to minimize systematic effects of RF BPMs, girder drifts, temperature drifts, etc.
 - ⇒ slow PBPM feedback which changes reference orbit of FOFB (asymmetric bump)
 - ⇒ keep photon beam position constant at first PBPM
- so far: only one PBPM at ID beamline 4S and 6S is reliable enough and understood to be integrated in PBPM feedback
- **filling pattern feedback** to keep bunch pattern constant



Filling Pattern Feedback

Standard SLS filling pattern:

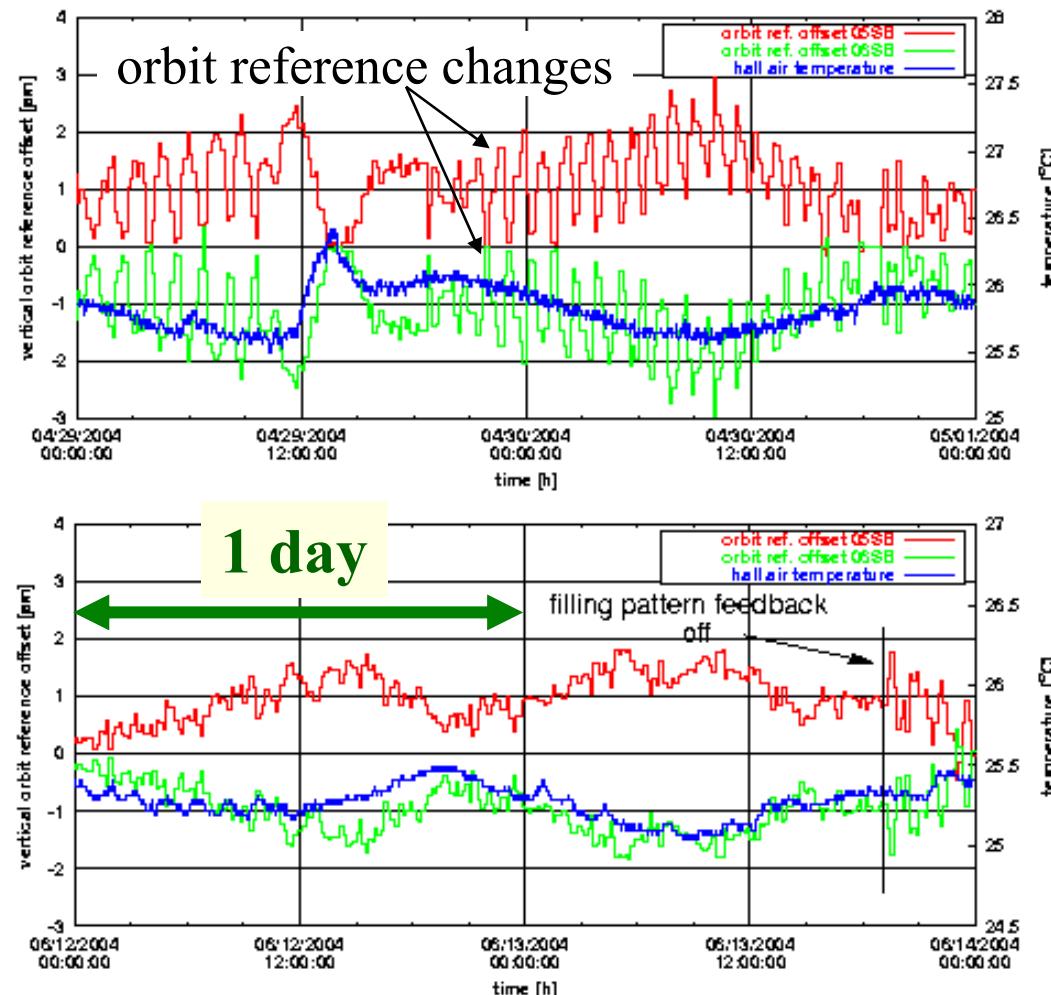
- 390 buckets filled
- gap of 90 buckets



Performance: Long Term Stability @ ID 6S

- without filling pattern feedback
- with filling pattern feedback

⇒ ref. orbit changes:
 $< \pm 1 \mu\text{m}$
over 1 day period



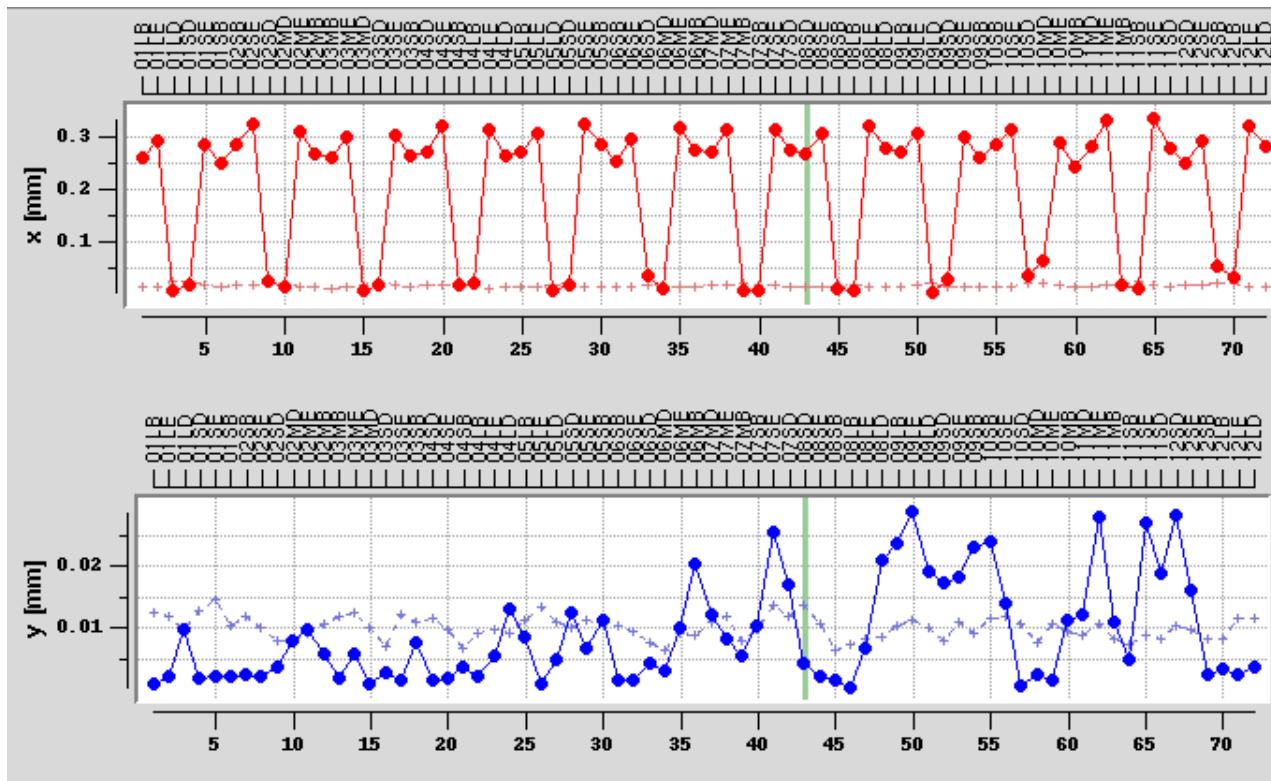
FOFB: Experiences / Limitations

- arbitrary orbits possible (→ allows simple PBPM feedback)
- bigger feedback loop delays than expected (sample period: 250 µs)
 - data transfer from DSP to PSC via IOC: ~100 µs
 - substantial group delay in digital filters: ~600 µs

→ total loop delay of 1.5 ms

→ slightly lower bandwidth than envisaged (0 dB @ 95 Hz)
but: no dominant excitation lines in noise spectrum @80-100 Hz
- Mean Time Between Failures
 - hardware (DBPM/FOFB): 1 failure/month
 - ctrl sys./network/user/operator: **1-3** failures/month
- “RF glitches” while adjusting the main RF frequency
(IEEE interface of RF generator)

RF frequency change:



300 μ m

dispersion orbit
corresponds to

~ 500 Hz

freq. change
($\Delta E/E \sim 2\%$)

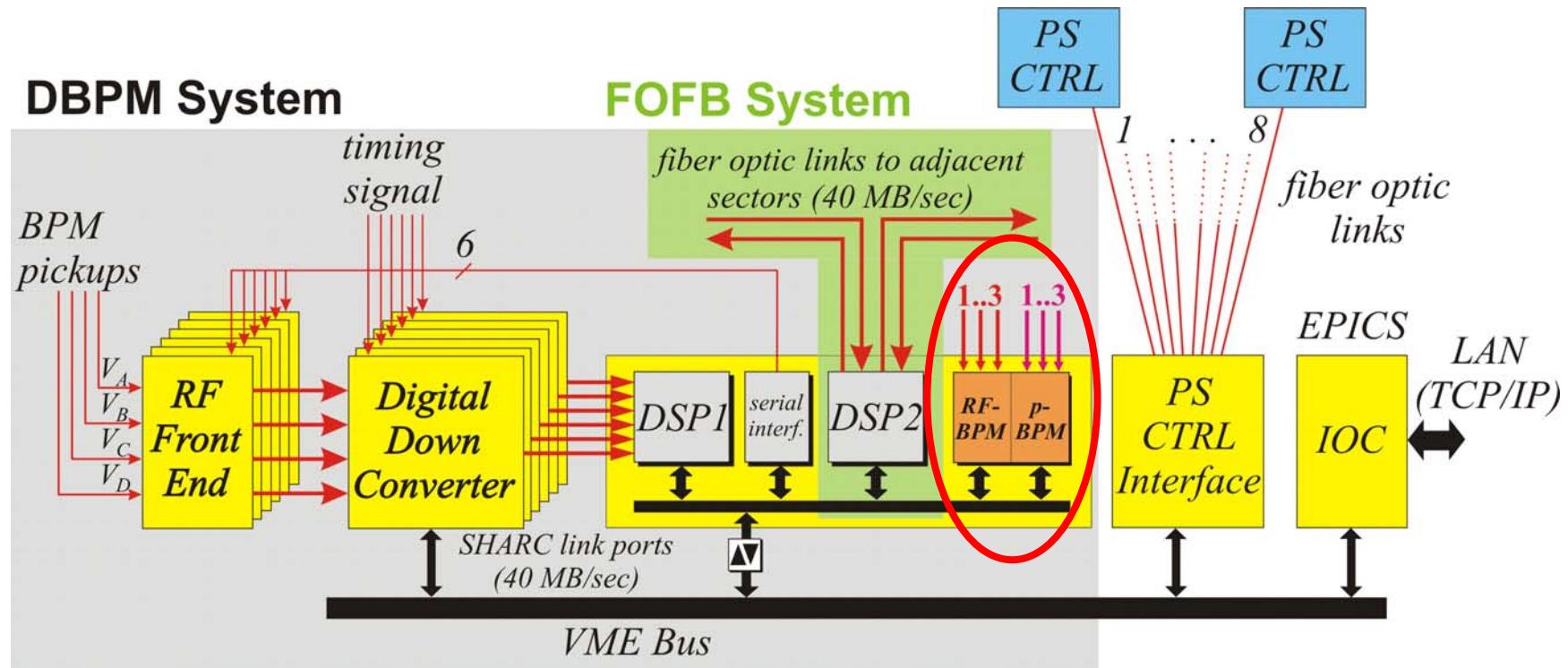
timescale: 30-40 ms

(peak offset values with respect to ref. orbit)

⇒ change of frequency requires different strategy (?)
(→ frequency modulation input of RF generator instead IEEE interface?)

FOFB: Extensions

- Femto project: requires additional BPM/corrector magnets in ID straight to guarantee the required orbit stability (Jul. 05)
- integration of photon BPMs into FOFB (\rightarrow IR beamlines)



Summary

- very flexible and reliable FOFB system
- suppressions of orbit distortions up to **95 Hz**
- global orbit stability (1 – 150 Hz):

horizontal	$0.41 \text{ } \mu\text{m} \cdot \sqrt{\beta_x}$
vertical	$0.29 \text{ } \mu\text{m} \cdot \sqrt{\beta_y}$
- power spectral densities of photon BPMs: still to be measured
- residual variations of photon beam @ PBPM 6S: $\leq 7 \text{ } \mu\text{m}_{\text{pp}}$ (long term)
- PBPM feedback @ beamline 4S, 6S → $< \pm 1 \text{ } \mu\text{m}$ (long term)
- **filling pattern feedback** minimizes systematic errors of RF-BPMs,
remaining systematic errors due to temperature dependency of RF-BPM
 $< \pm 1 \text{ } \mu\text{m/day}$ @ RF-BPM
- substantial improvements for “**easy usability**”
- upgrade/extension for additional RF-BPMs (Femto) & photon BPM integration

SPRING8: “**Maybe we don’t need a fast orbit feedback.”**

ALS: “**The users didn’t request a fast orbit feedback
but we knew that we can do better...”**

SLS: “**We already have a stable beam and we need
a fast orbit feedback to preserve it.”**