



PAUL SCHERRER INSTITUT



Dynamic Alignment at SLS

IWBS 2004, Grindelwald, December 7th, 2004

Andreas Streun, PSI, Villigen, Switzerland

PSI:

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Mechanical Engineering

K. Dreyer, H. Umbricht, F. Wei

Survey & Alignment

A. Jaggi, R. Kramert, V. Schlott

Diagnostics

S. Hunt

Control system

M. Böge, L. Rivkin, A. Streun

Beam Dynamics

External:

R. Ruland, SLAC, Menlo Park, USA

Concept

E. Meier, Ingenieurbüro Meier, Winterthur, Switzerland

Hydrostatic Levelling System

B. Fiechter, Eltromatic AG, Winterthur, Switzerland

Girder Mover Control

R. Sabjan, CosyLab, Ljubljana, Slovenia

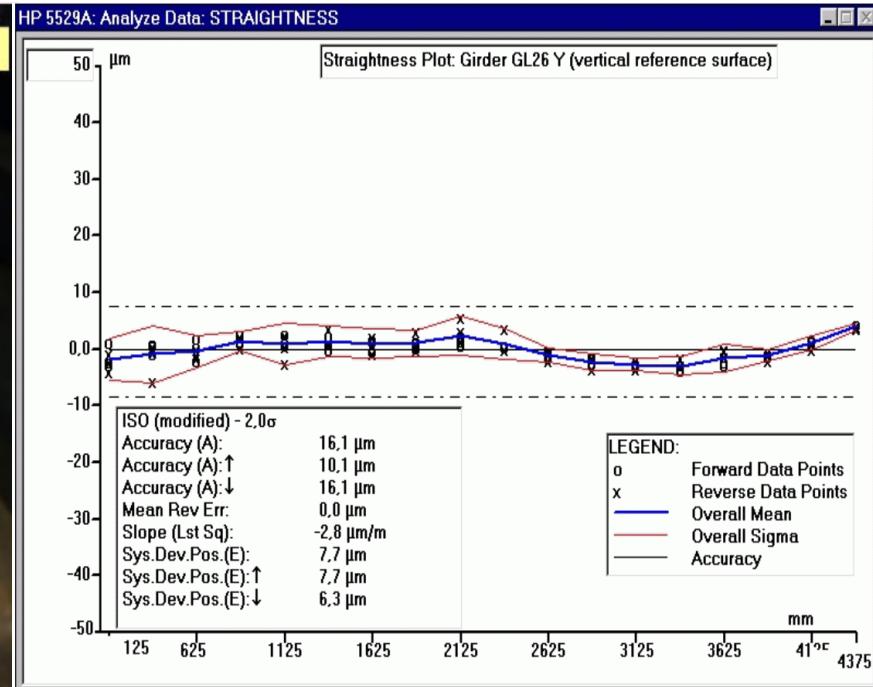
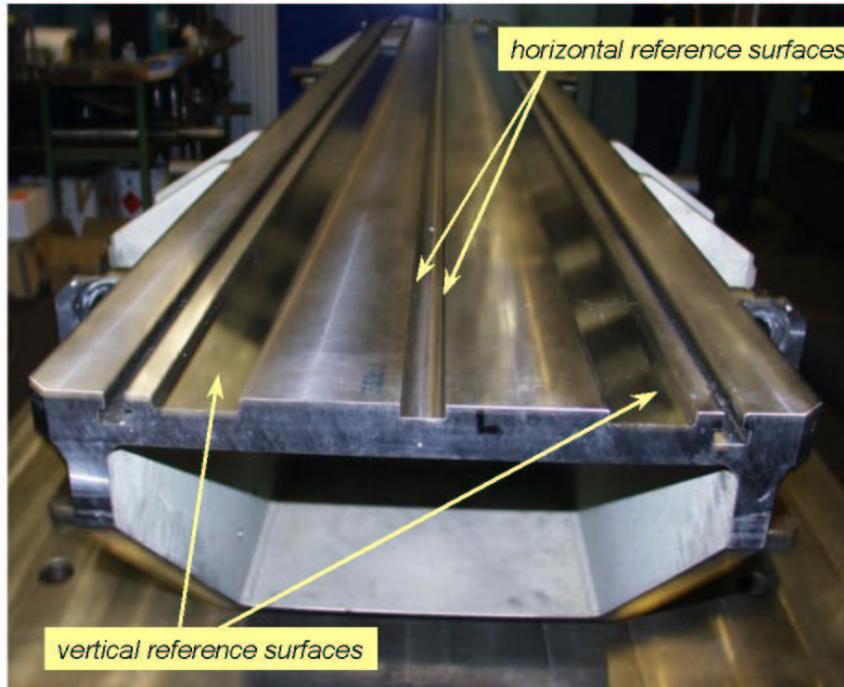
Control system

[†]now UGS, Schlieren, Switzerland

Dynamic Alignment

Concept

Magnet mounted rigidly onto girders



Girder rail precision 15 μm , Magnet axis calibration 30 μm

Girders movable in 5 degrees of freedom

Position monitoring systems on girders

Girder motion control

Initial survey

read $u, v, w, \chi, \eta, \sigma$

GM & GME:

5 movers & encoders / girder

set & readback u, v, χ, η, σ

HLS: hydrostatic levelling system:

4 pots / girder

read v, χ, σ

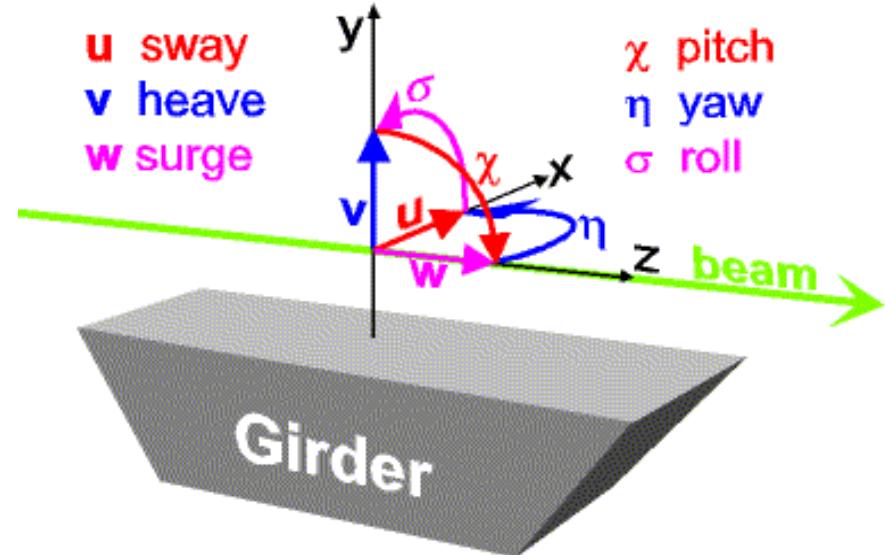
HPS: horizontal positioning system: 2 arms /girder

read u, η (requires HLS data for evaluation)

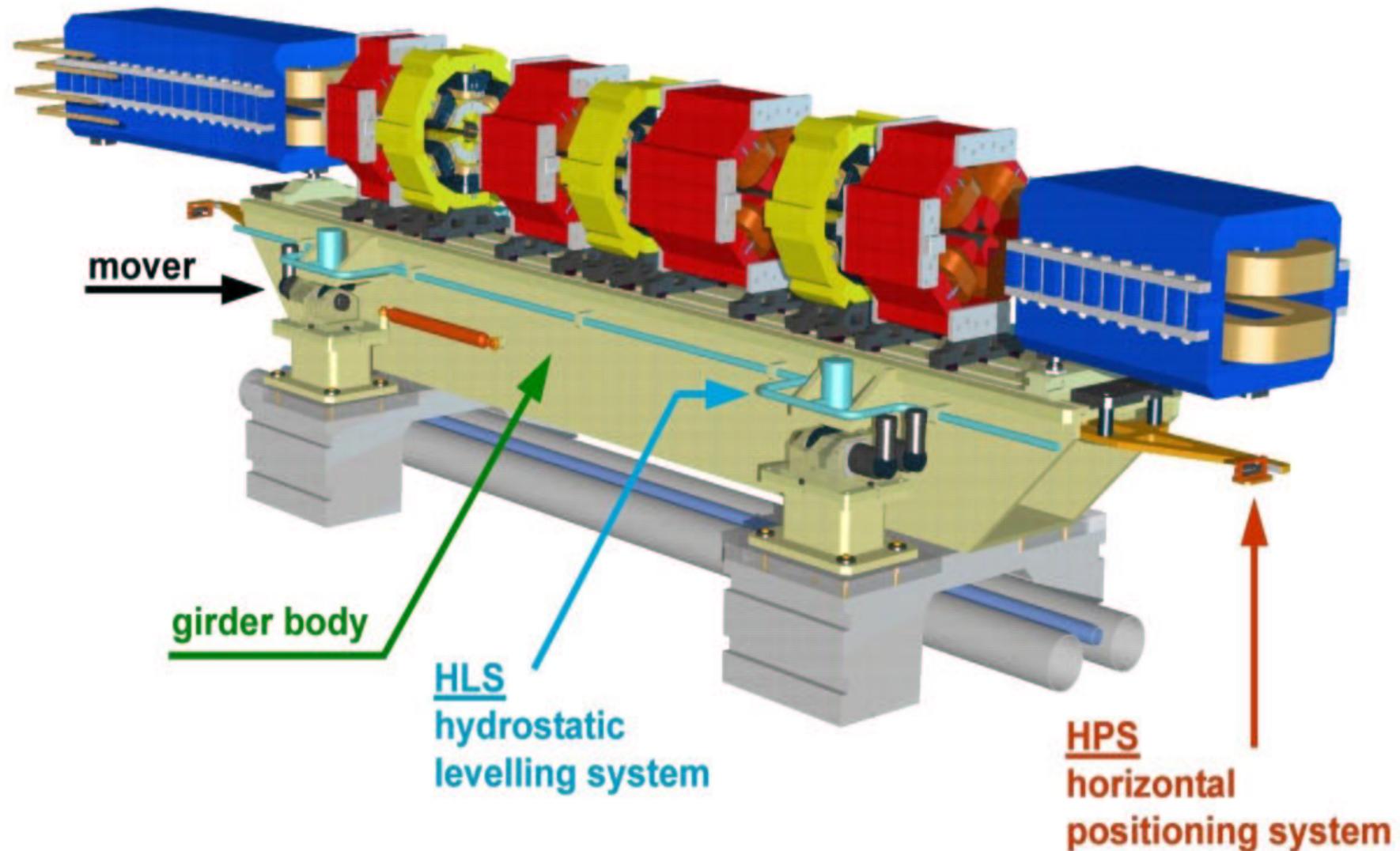
BPM & POMS: beam position monitors & position monitoring system
(BPM \leftrightarrow girder): 1 or 2 /girder

reconstruction of u, v, χ, η ("beam based girder alignment")

no control: w

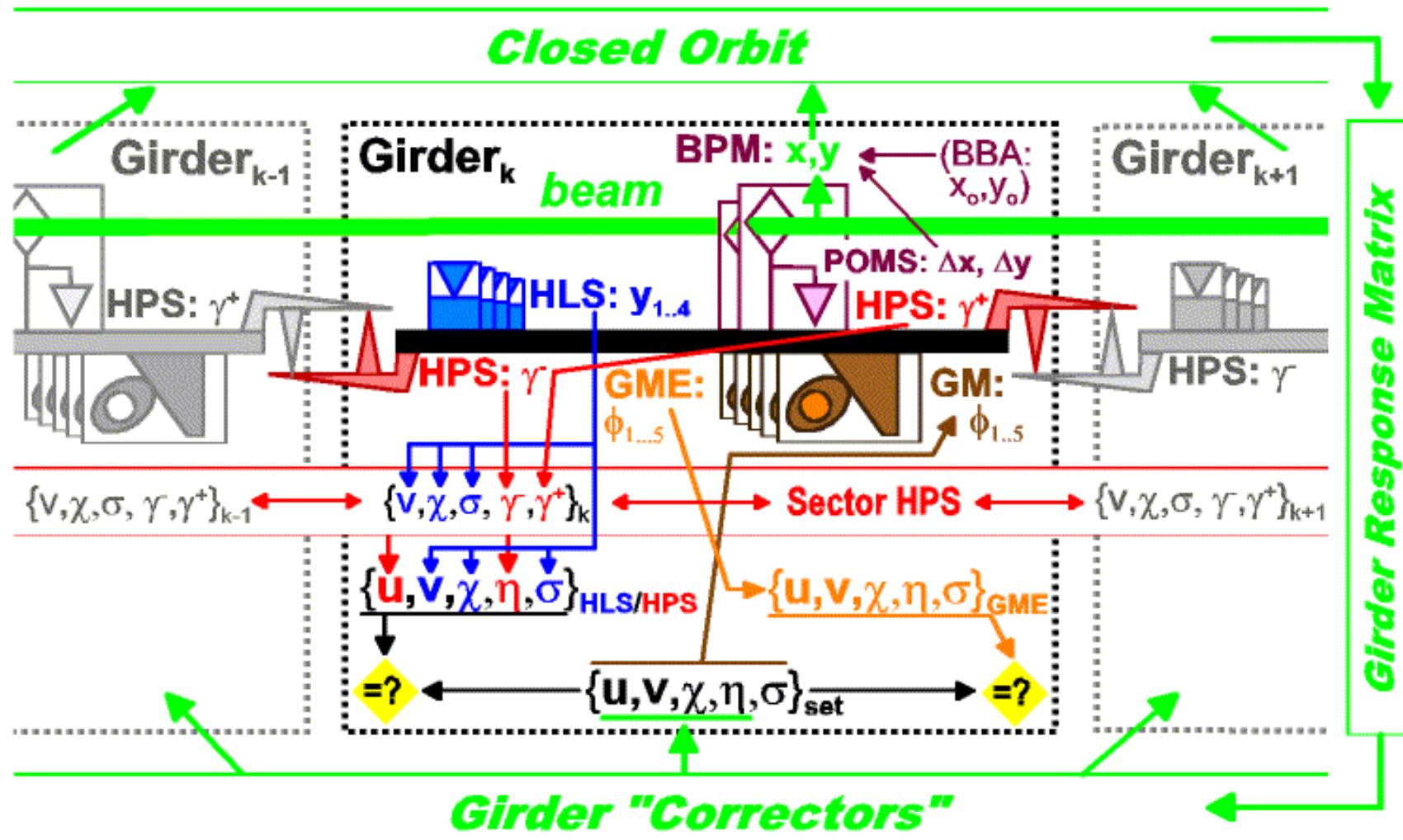


Girder motion control: Layout

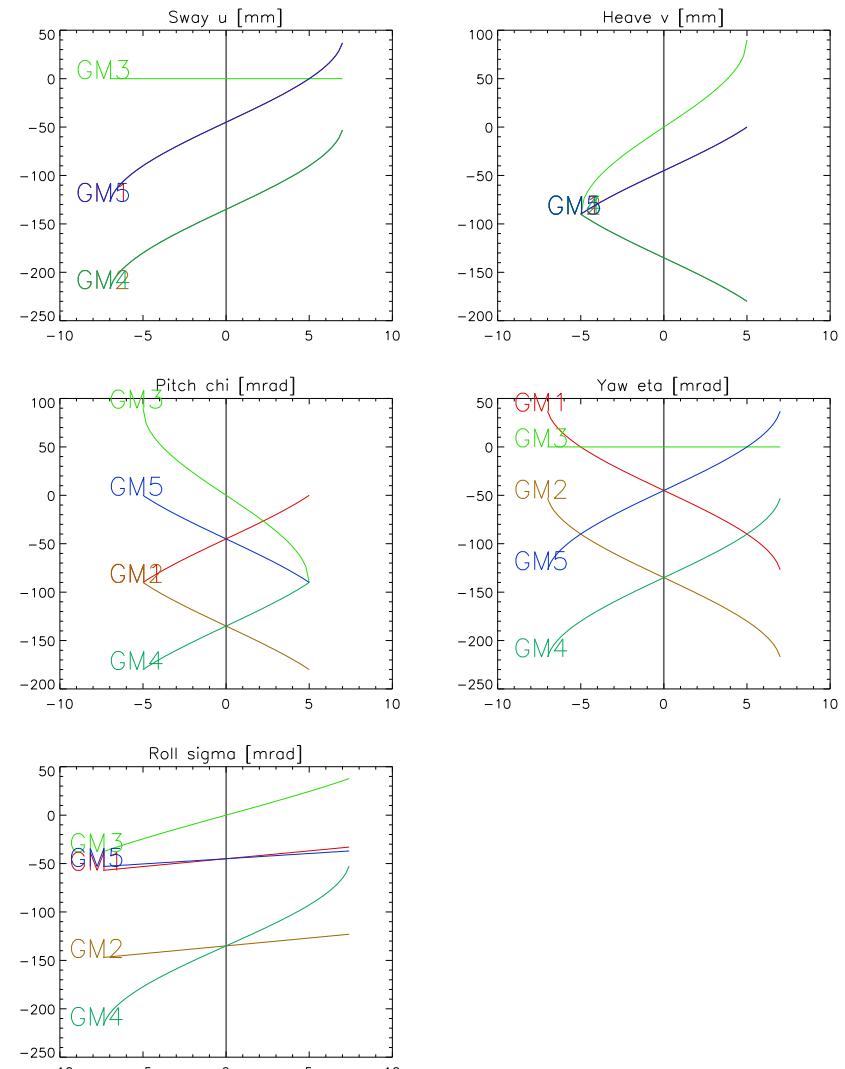
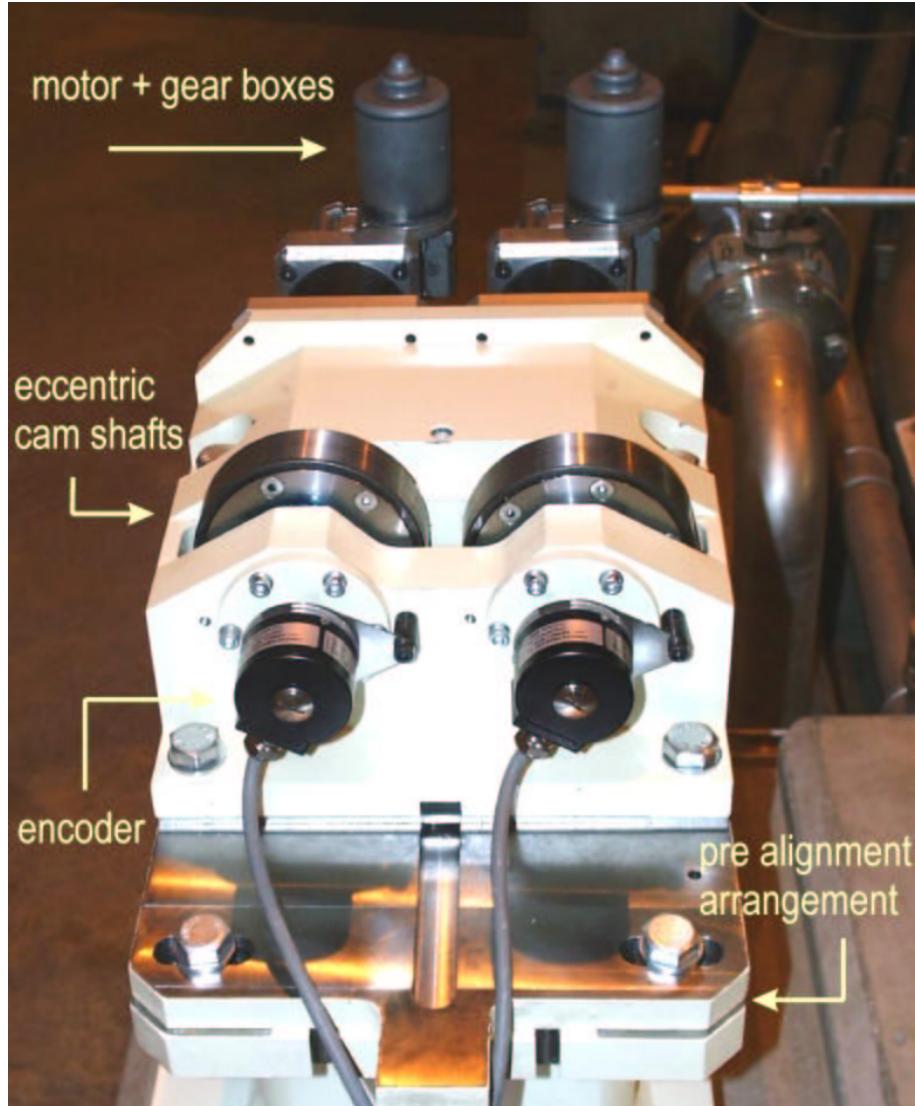


P.Wiegand

Girder motion control: signal flow



Girder Movers & Girder Mover Encoders



GM excenter working windows

Hydrostatic Levelling System

4 pots per girder

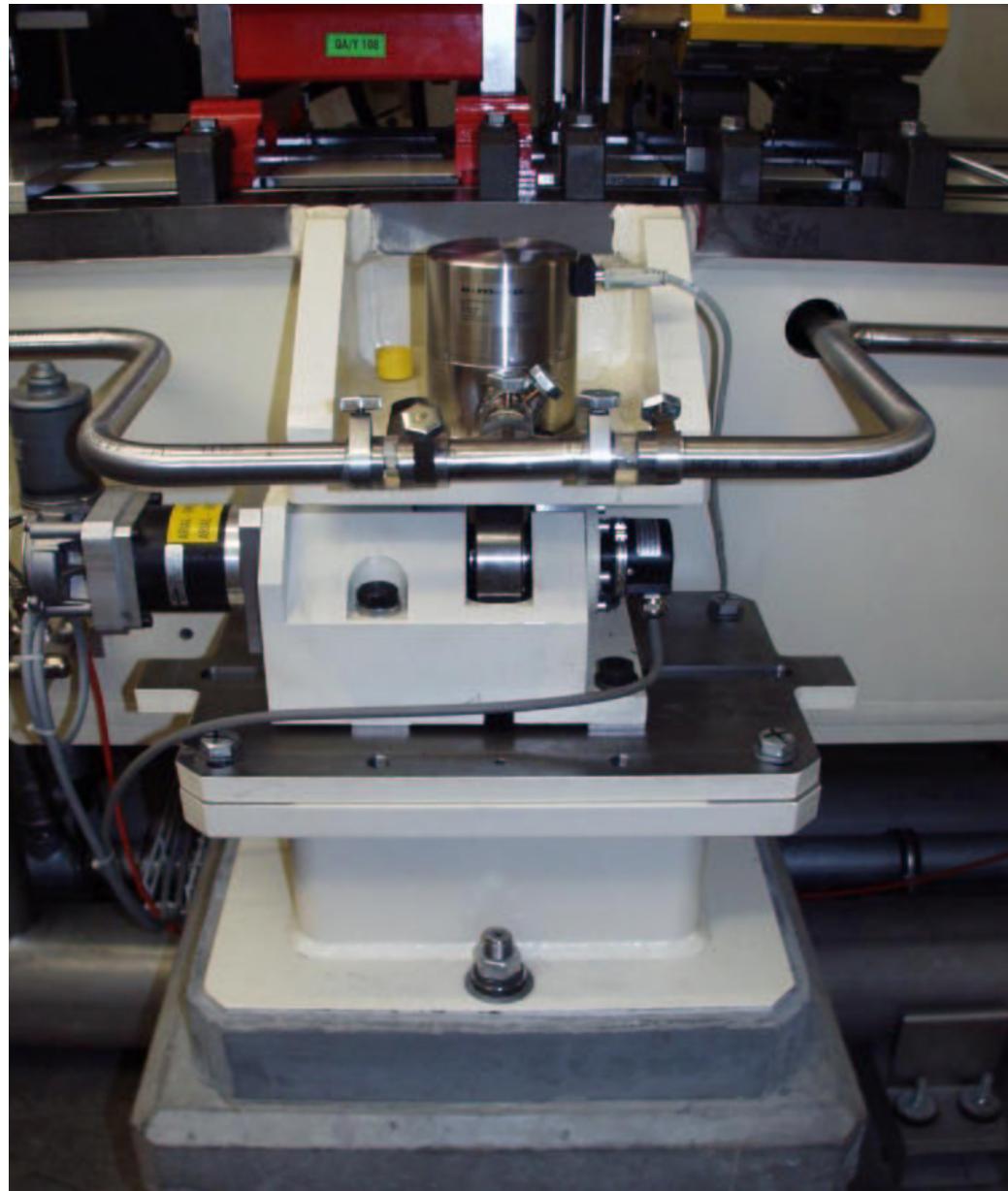
- redundancy
- get v , χ , σ with error bars

Valves

- 1 × ring
- 12 × single sector
- [48 × girder]

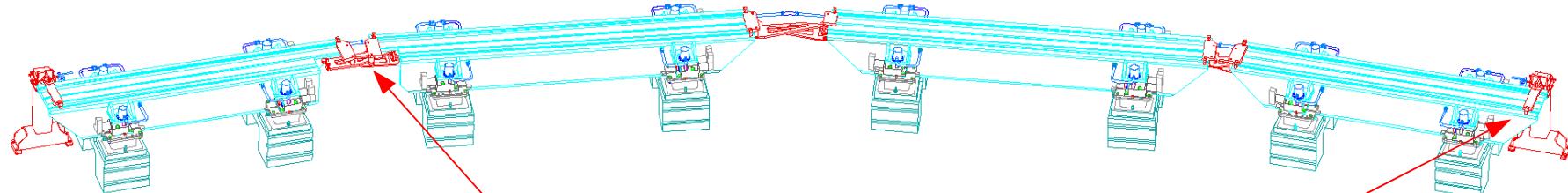
Performance

- resolution: 1 μm
- range: 14 mm



Horizontal Positioning System

Readout: digital encoders ± 2.5 mm range, $0.5 \mu\text{m}$ resolution



Lever arms to adjacent girders, resp. sector terminating monuments ▶

$$u + m_z \eta - C u - (C a_z + S a_x) \eta = \gamma (C c_x - S c_z) + m_y \sigma - C a_y \sigma - S a_y \chi - S w$$

unknowns, HPS readout, HLS evaluation, constants, adjacent girder's quantities, out of control (set to 0)



▶ Linear system (4 girders/sector):

$$\begin{bmatrix} u_1 \\ \eta_1 \\ u_2 \\ \eta_2 \\ u_3 \\ \eta_3 \\ u_4 \\ \eta_4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} hps1<, hls1 \\ hps1>, hls1/2 \\ hps2<, hls1/2 \\ hps2>, hls2/3 \\ hps3<, hls2/3 \\ hps3>, hls3/4 \\ hps4<, hls3/4 \\ hps4>, hls4 \end{bmatrix}$$

needs HLS data as input !

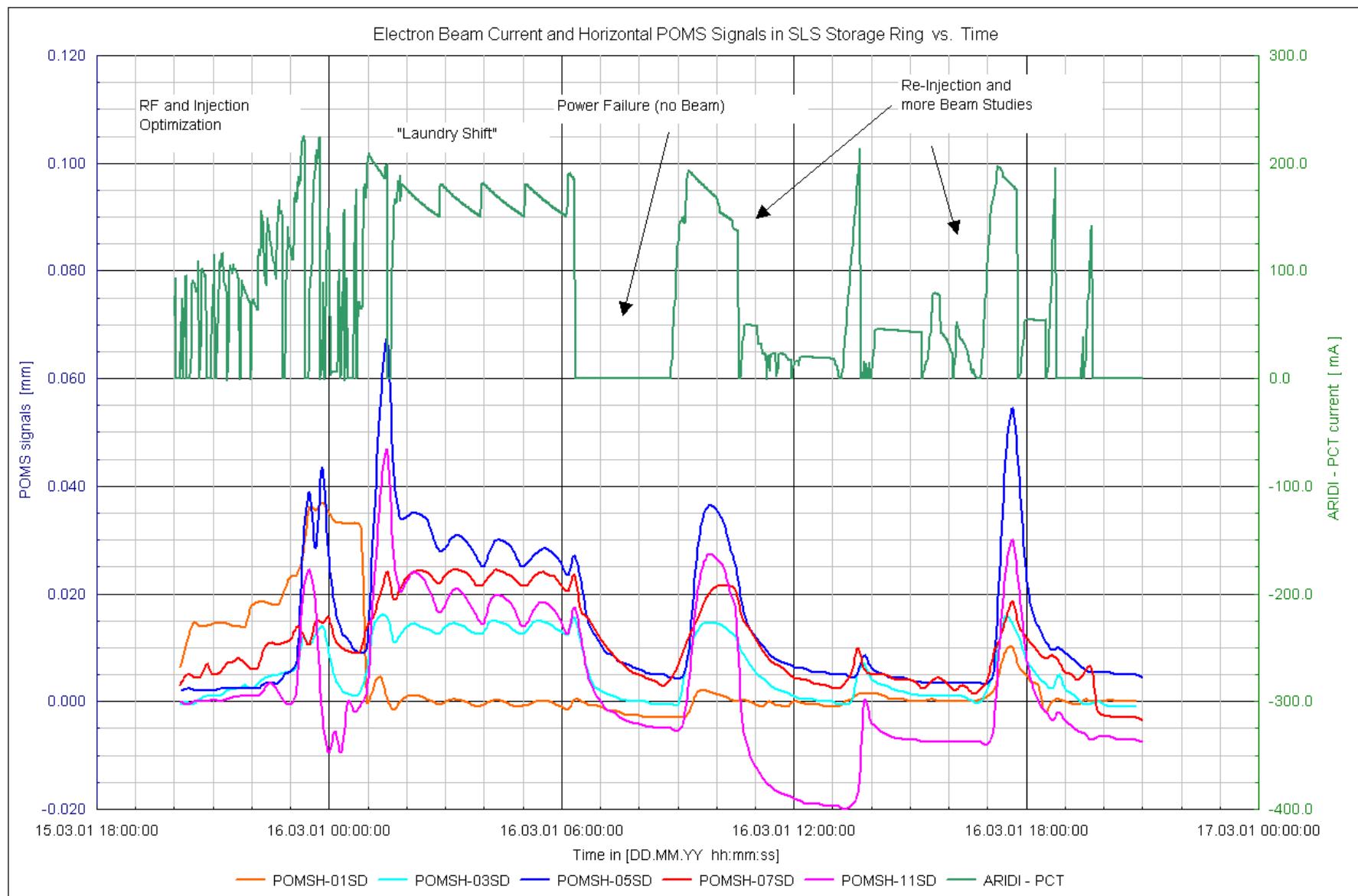
Girder movement: Comparison to Survey and HLS/HPS data

K. Dreyer, S.Hunt, A.Streun, H. Umbrecht, F. Wei, S. Zelenika

Set Movers of Girder 02G1
Survey of Girder 02G1 (18 reference marks)
HLS/HPS readouts of girders 02G1..4 (sector 02 evaluation)

		Set	Survey	HPS/HLS	comment
<u>Single motions:</u>					
Sway	[μm]	+100	89 ± 9	100	02G2 sway = 14 micron
Heave	[μm]	+100	93 ± 6	6	HLS too slow
Roll	[μrad]	+100	103 ± 24	100	
Yaw	[μrad]	+100	85 ± 7	80	surge 7 ± 6 instead of 35 expected
Pitch	[μrad]	+100	99 ± 6	99	surge 63 ± 6 instead of 81 expected
<u>Combined motion:</u>					
Sway	[μm]	+50	33 ± 9	35	+ HPS/HLS evaluation works
Heave	[μm]	+50	50 ± 6	30	- HLS very slow ($\tau > 15$ min)
Roll	[μrad]	+50	89 ± 24	55	- Yaw too small
Yaw	[μrad]	+50	41 ± 7	31	- Coupling to adjacent girder ?
Pitch	[μrad]	+50	51 ± 6	49	

POsition Monitoring System: BPM \leftrightarrow Girder (Quadrupole)



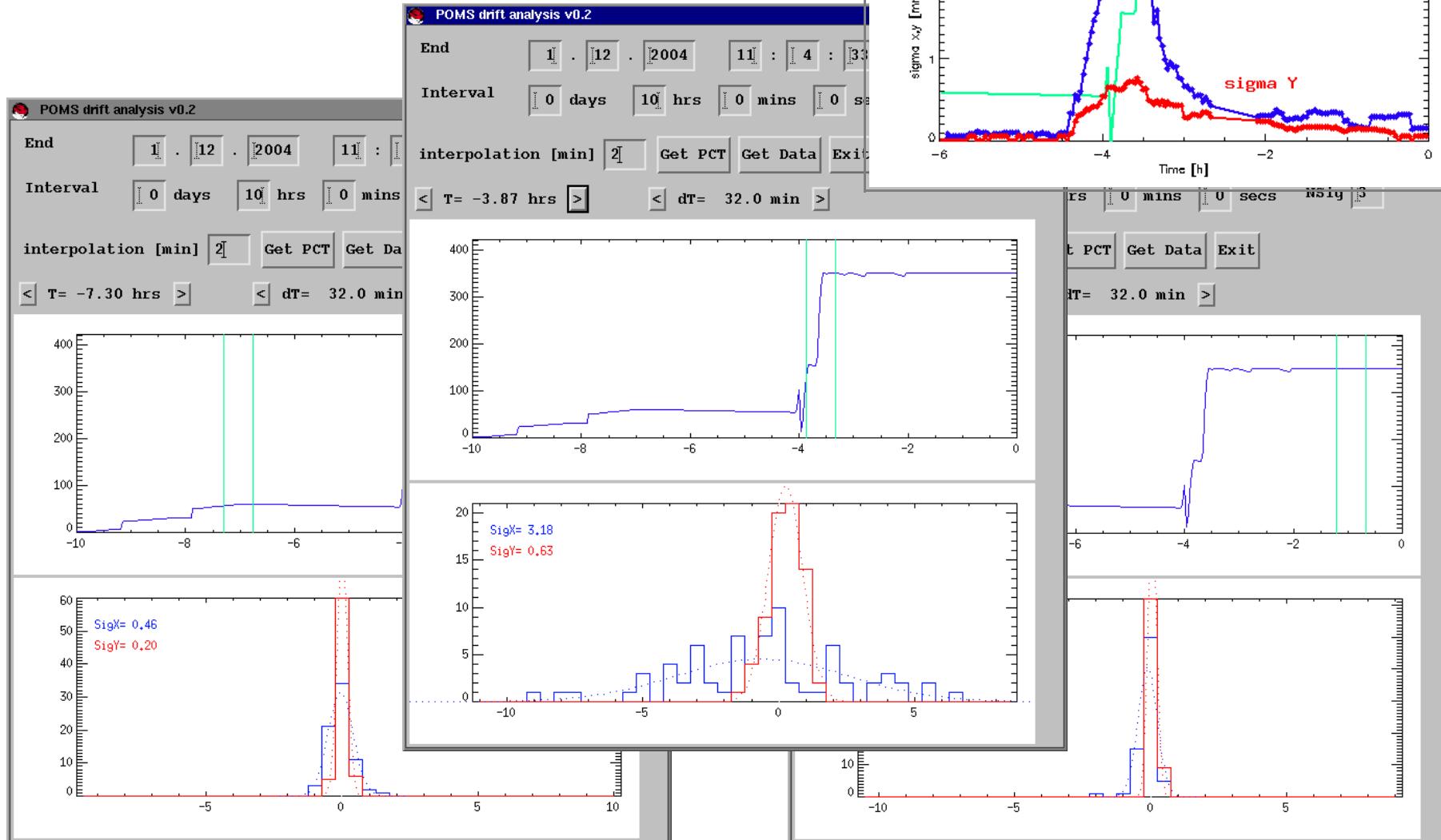
V.Schlott

POMS for monitoring of machine warm-up

User request:

Measure for movement going on

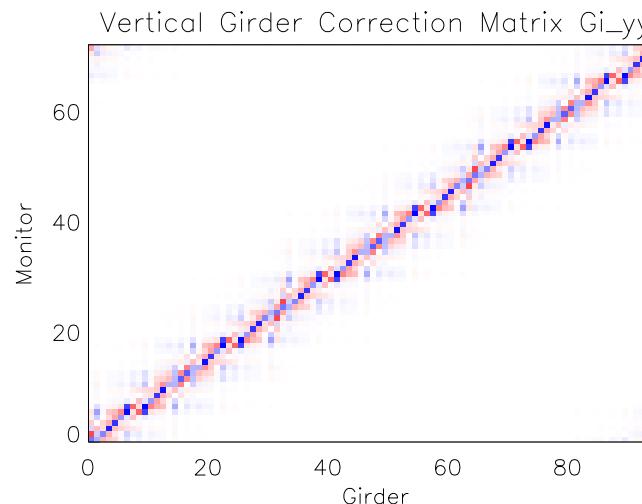
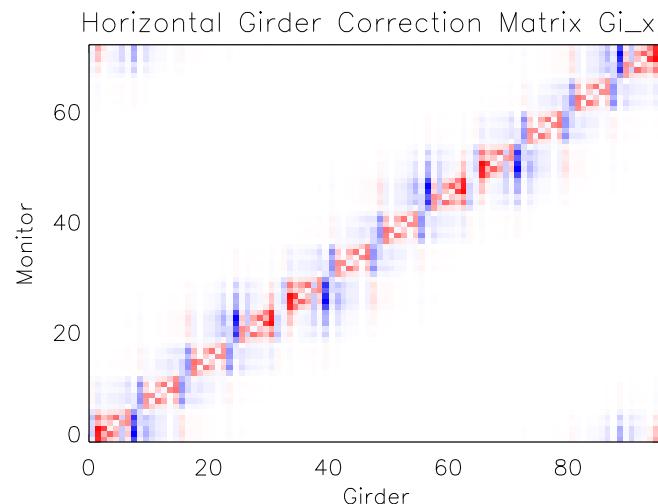
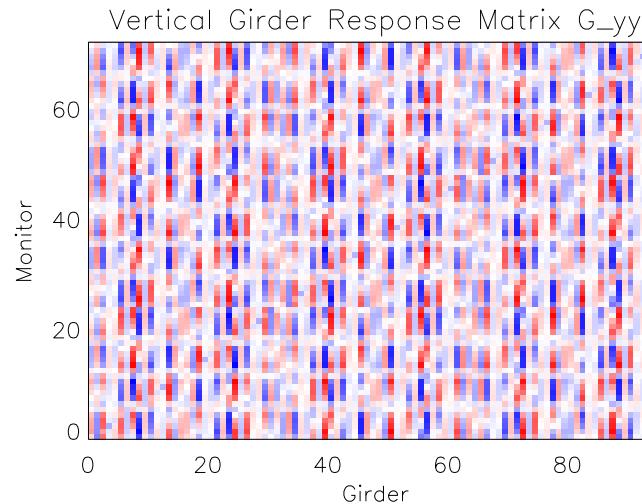
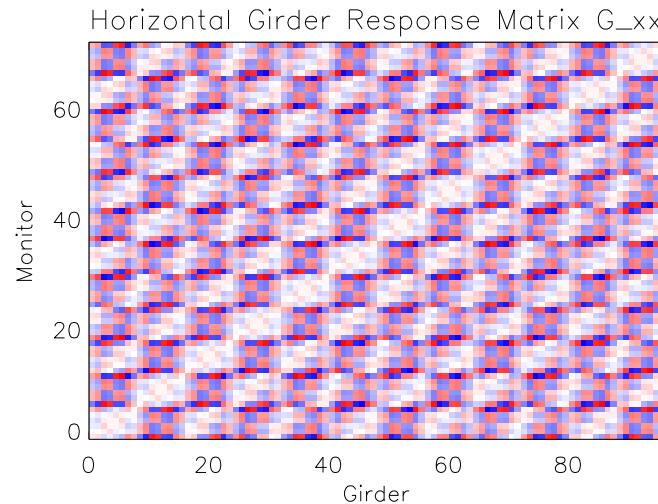
$$\rightarrow \sigma_x(t) = \langle \sum_k [x_k(t) - x_k(t - \Delta t)]^2 \rangle$$



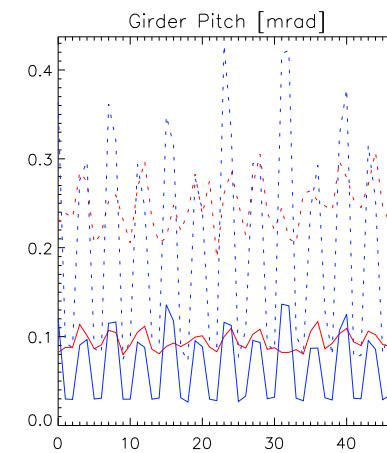
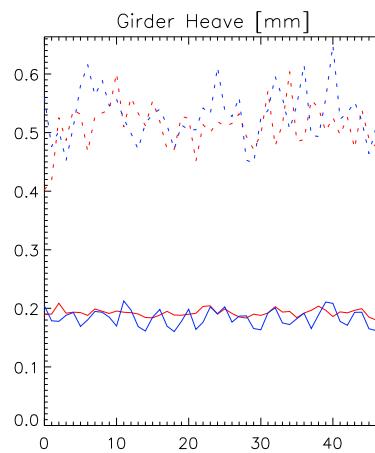
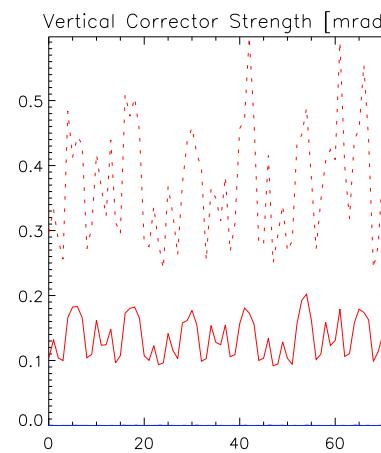
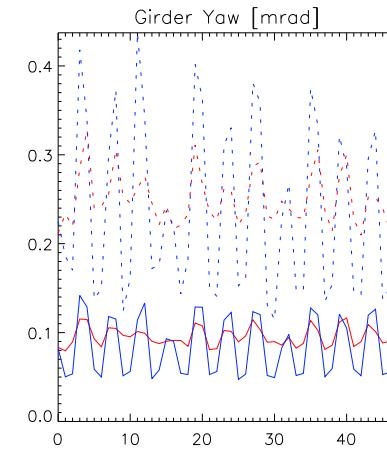
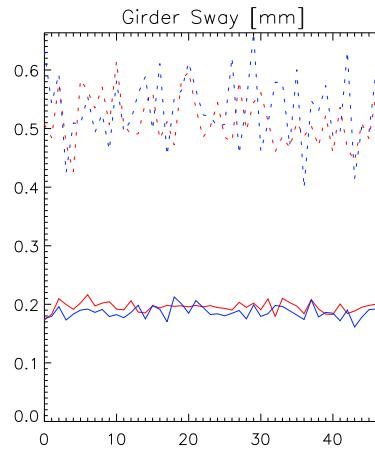
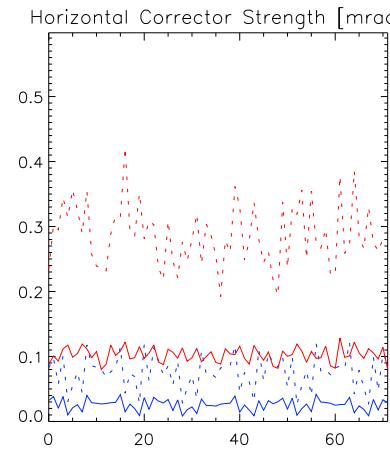
Beam Based Girder Alignment....

48 girders = 96 hor. & 96 vert. "correctors" ($x_{2n/2n+1} = u_n \pm L\chi_n$)

Response and correction matrices:



Orbit Correction by means of girder movements (Simulation)



rms —————
max -----

OCO only

BBGA + OCO

SLS/D0 mode

200 seeds
(12 rejected).

error settings
(rms, cut 2s):

- 50 µm magnet + BPM vs. girder,
- 300 µm girder abs.
- 100 µm girder vs. girder

horizontal
0.001
60
75 %

vertical
0
96
100 %

SVD weighting factor filter $\omega_i/\omega_o >$
 SVD weighting factors used (from 96)
saved magnetic corrector strength (rms)

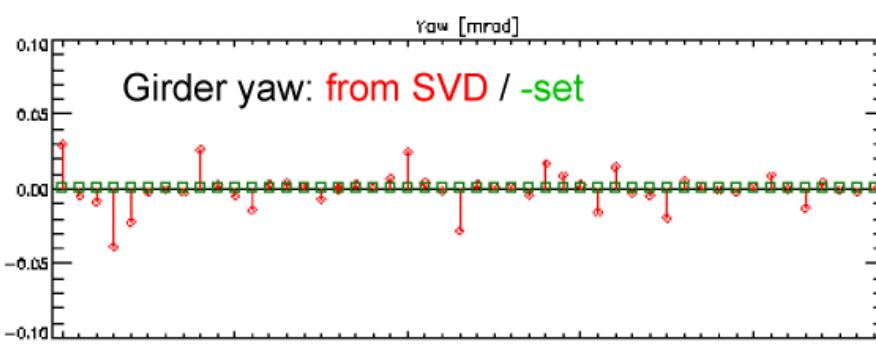
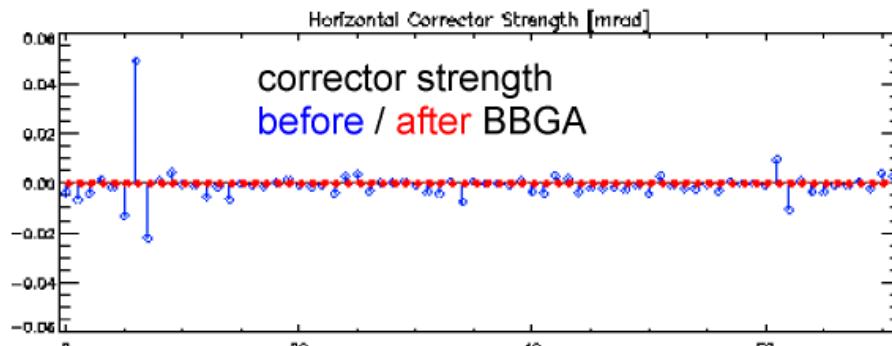
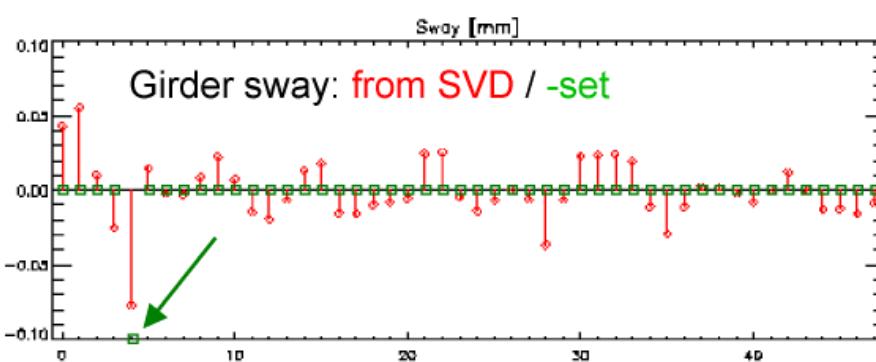
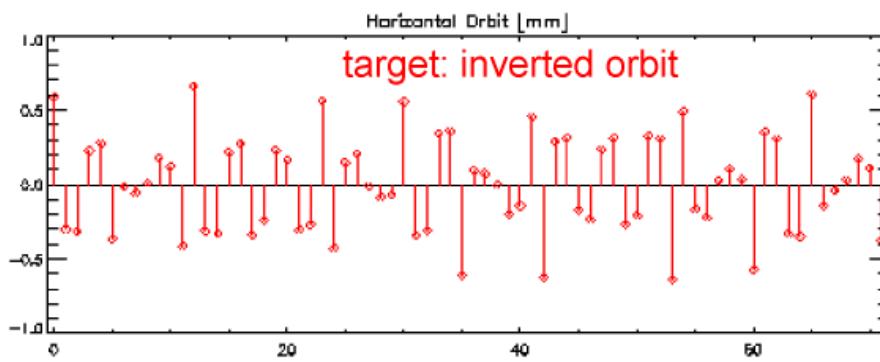
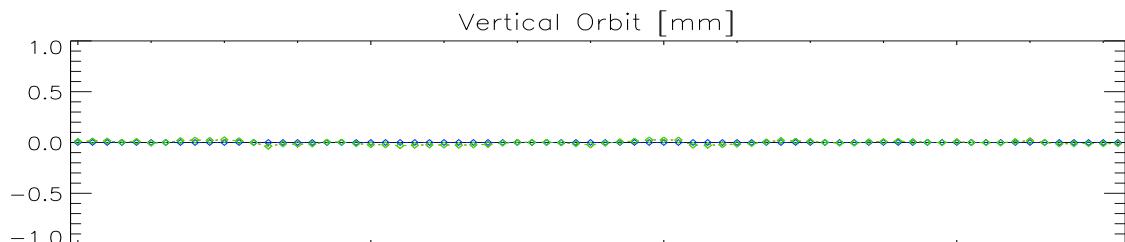
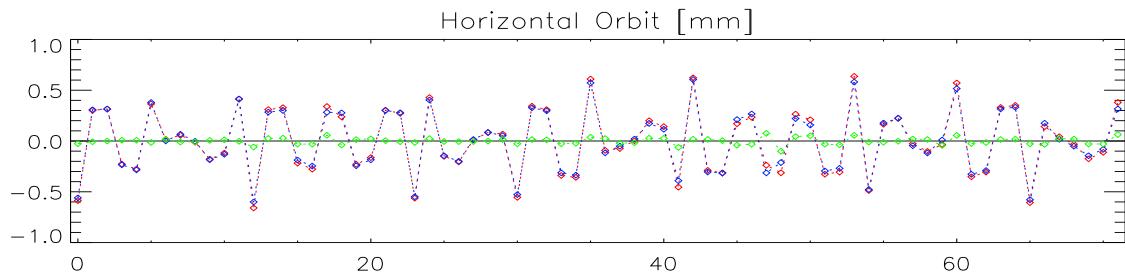
Real Test

M.Böge, R.Sabjan, A.Streun, F.Wei

Girder 5: set 100 μm sway (Δx)

orbit: measured
 simulated
 difference

SVD orbit correction
with 48 girders:



Dynamic Alignment - a critical review

POMS (BPM Position Monitoring System)

- ✓ useful to observe drifts and correlations, warm-up
- ✗ sensors radiation sensitive → local shielding ✓

HLS (Hydrostatic Levelling System)

- ✓ monitoring of long term settlements
- ✗ too slow for interactive use
- ✗ technical problems (drifts, waves, biology, fluid mixing) → ✓

HPS (Horizontal Positioning System)

- ✗ depends on HLS → no interactive use
- ⇒ "VPS" is missing !

GM / GME (Girder Movers / Encoders)

- ✗ complex system (240 motors...) / manpower intensive
- ✗ dangerous operation (vacuum chamber stress, potential irreversibility)
- ✗ reduced eigenfrequencies (coupled girder oscillations)
- ✓ Potential of "Girder–OCO" (no true BBGA)- not needed ✗
- ✓ Convenient girder realignment

"spin off":

6D positioning for experiments

Mover types:

- rod mover
- cylinder mover
- wheel mover

