Scheme for Precise Correction of Orbit Variation Caused by Dipole Error-Field of Insertion Device

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1. Background

- Correction and source suppression, both are crucial towards the ultimate stability
- Presently, the number and variety of IDs are being increased in a SR source
- ID error-field is thus one of the most serious perturbation sources for the orbit stability

2. Motivation

A limiting factor for the precise correction is noise in measured orbit data



A new idea to extract a signal precisely



3. New Approach

The new approach is based on "signal modulation with a mirror symmetric driving pattern"

Signal modulation by periodical "gap" or "phase" change of target ID

S/N improvement by averaging and filtering procedures

3. New Approach (Con't)

By folding the data against a symmetry point, two effects by static and dynamic error fields are separately extracted



3. New Approach (Con't)

The separation of two effects by static and dynamic error fields

correction for a certain driving pattern adjustable for any patterns by only scaling a part of correction table, the data for dynamic error correction 4. Experimental set-up ID specification to be tested

- Type: Apple II type undulator ID23
- Maximum phase driving speed: 0.1 Hz
- Driving pattern: Trapezoidal
- Period length: 120 mm
- Maximum phase driving range: 240 mm
- Minimum ID gap: 25 mm
- Made in JAERI (not Kitamura Gr.)

4. Experimental set-up (Con't)



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5.1. S/N Improvement



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5.3. Correction of Dynamic Error-Field



5.4. Correction Performance



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5.5. Application to Different Patterns



5.5. Application to Different Patterns



6. Summary

- The new scheme suppresses the ID inducing COD down to the sub-micron level
- The correction data once obtained can be applied to the correction for different driving patters by only scaling the correction data for the dynamic error-field, keeping the correction performance