

# EBPMs and Orbit Feedback Electronics for Diamond

IWBS 2004  
Guenther Rehm

## Outline

- BPM locations and cross sections
- BPM response calculations
- EBPM performance examples
- SOFB plans
- FOFB plans

# Number of BPMs

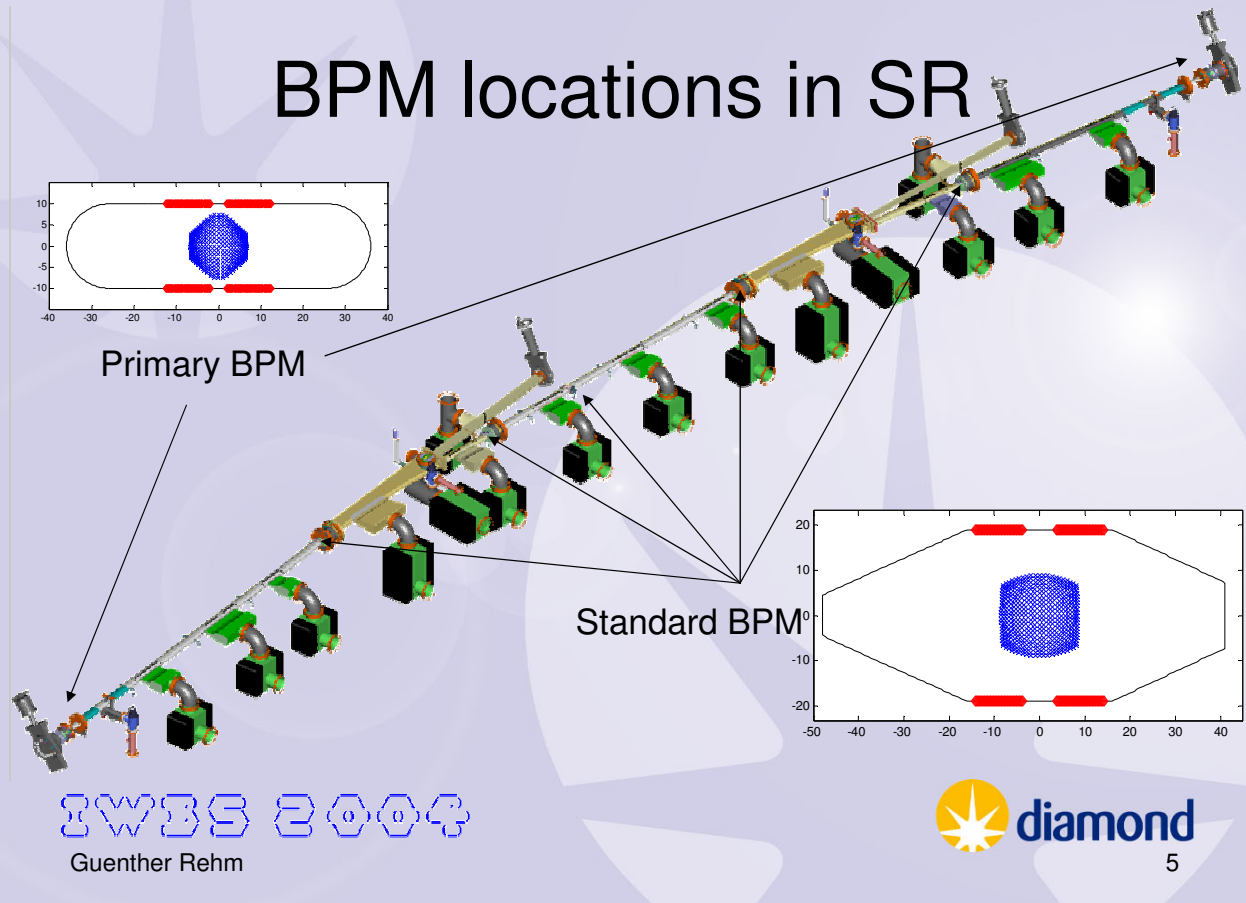
Location	Count	Type / cross section
LINAC	0	-
LTB	7	Stripline / circular
Booster	22	Button / elliptical
BTS	7	Stripline / circular
SR	120+48	Button / octagonal+oval
Sum	204	

All with Libera EBPM electronics

# Storage ring BPMs

- Primary BPMs:
  - Increased sensitivity through smaller aperture
  - Mechanically decoupled through bellows
  - Position monitored relative to reference pillar
- Standard BPMs:
  - BPM blocks welded into vacuum vessel
  - Mounted on “anchor” stands
  - Position monitored relative to quad centre

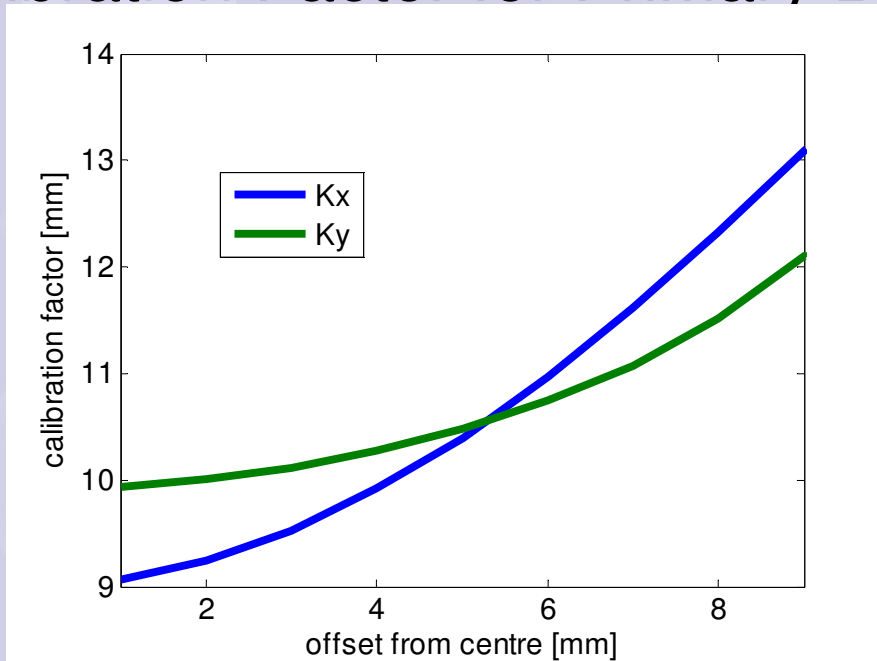
# BPM locations in SR



# BPM response calculation

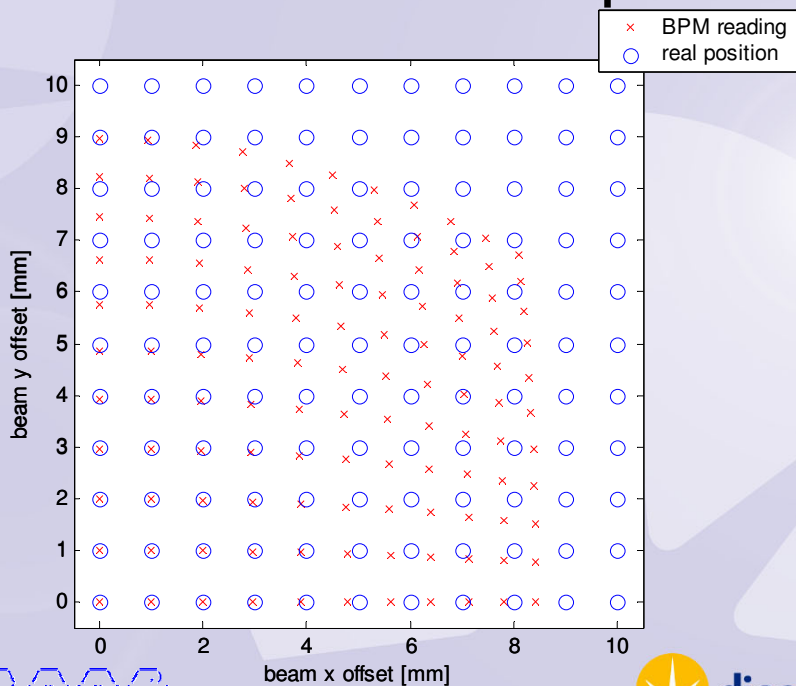
- MATLAB based boundary element solver
  - Fast: 5.5 sec on P4/1700 for 722 boundary elements and 441 beam positions
  - Precise: results checked with finite element solver (Vector Fields OPERA)
- Geometrical manufacturing uncertainties have been modelled using Monte Carlo simulation

# Calibration Factor for Primary BPM

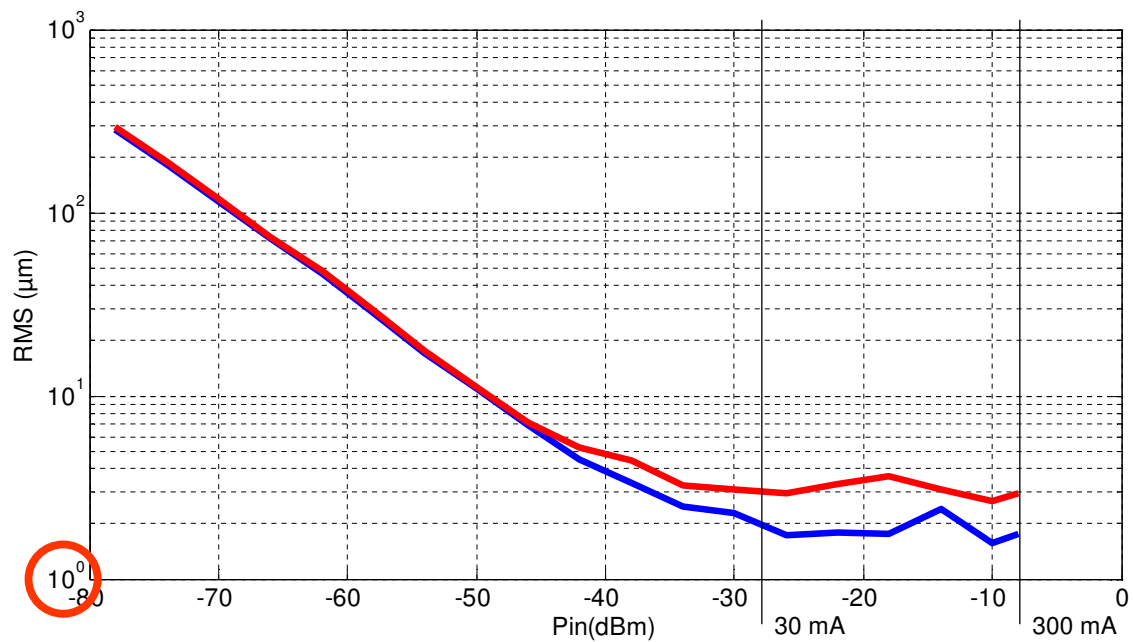


# Nonlinear 2D BPM response

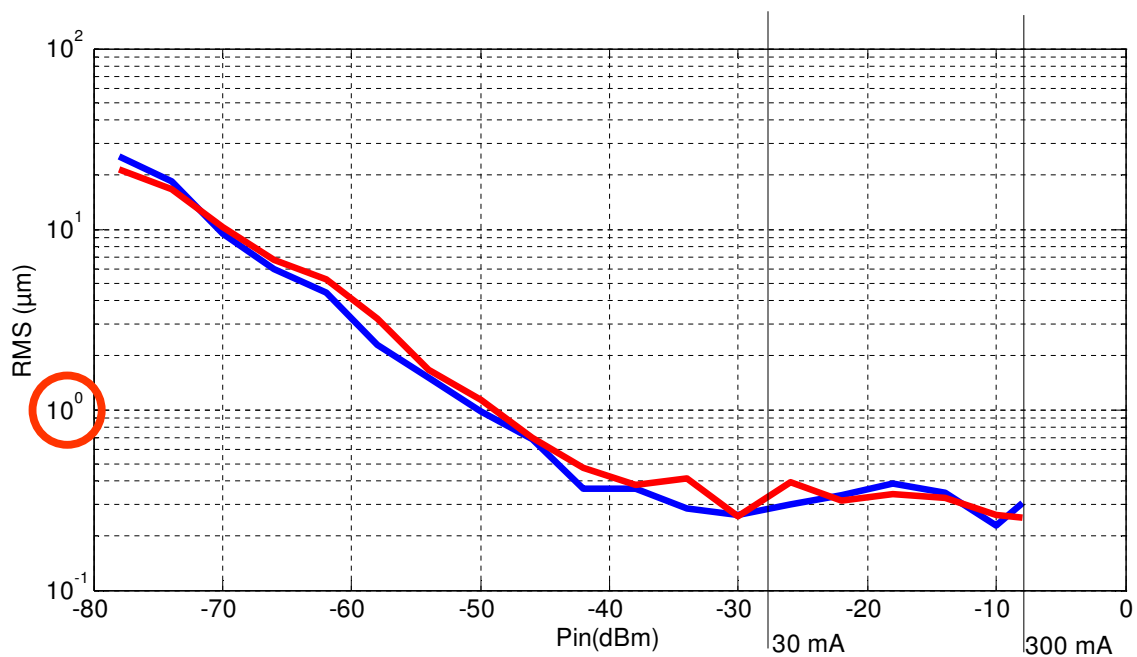
Needs to be corrected before nonlinear beam dynamics studies!



# RMS noise @ TBT



# Resolution with 1 kHz BW

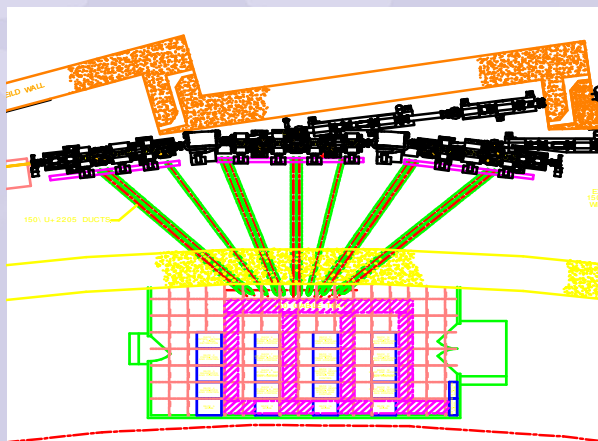


# RMS noise with 1 kHz Bandwidth



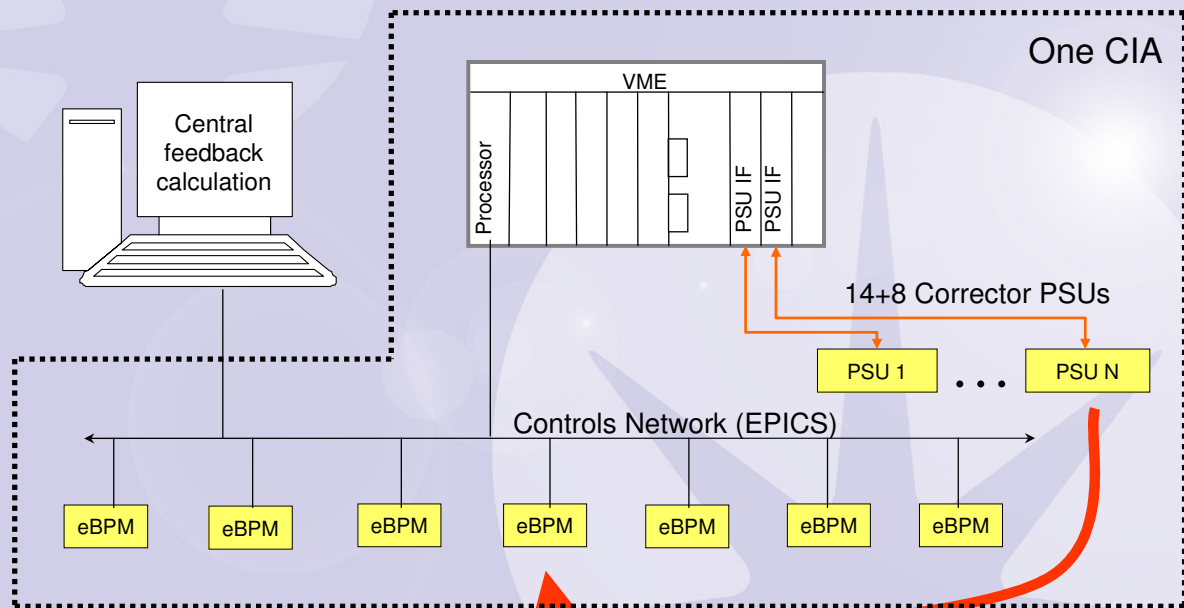
Beam current	Primary x/y in $\mu\text{m}$	Standard x/y in $\mu\text{m}$
60-300 mA	0.27/ <b>0.3</b>	0.65/0.45
10-60 mA	0.54/ <b>0.6</b>	1.3/0.9
1-10 mA	1.35/ <b>1.5</b>	3.3/2.2

# Control and Instrumentation Areas (CIAs)



24 temperature stabilized CIAs for 19" racks

# SOFB Setup



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13

# SOFB Details

- EPICS IOCs run inside LIBERA
- EPICS interface to PSU already available
- MatLab channel access makes application development easy
- Can be tested with “virtual accelerator”
- Expected to run at 10 Hz sampling, 0.5 Hz closed loop BW
- Will be available on day 1

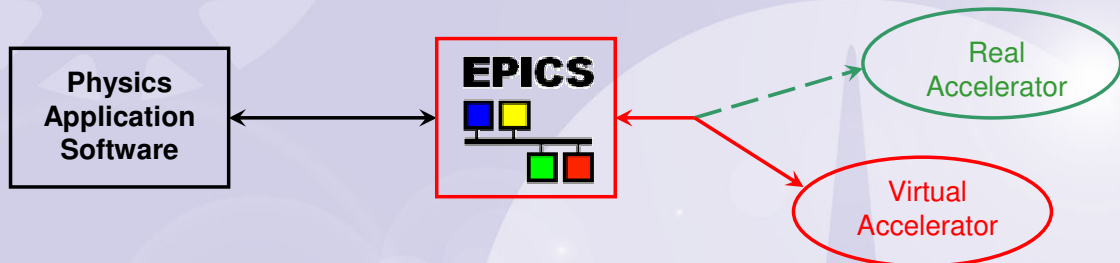
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14

# Virtual Accelerator and Software Commissioning



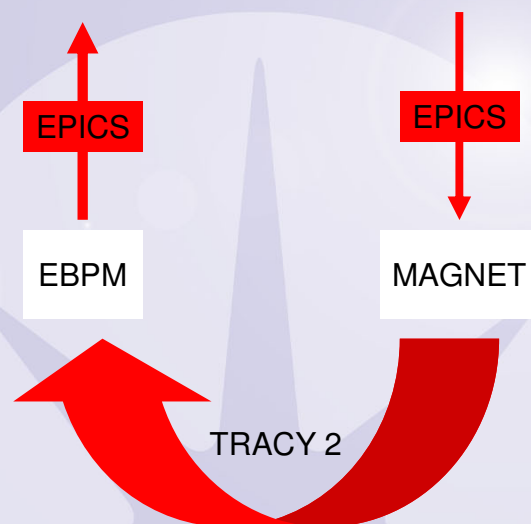
The **Virtual Accelerator** is used

- 1) to simulate the control system environment as seen by the users
- 2) to provide a realistic test for AP applications

The Virtual Accelerator uses the **Tracy-II** code to simulate the physical behaviour of the ring

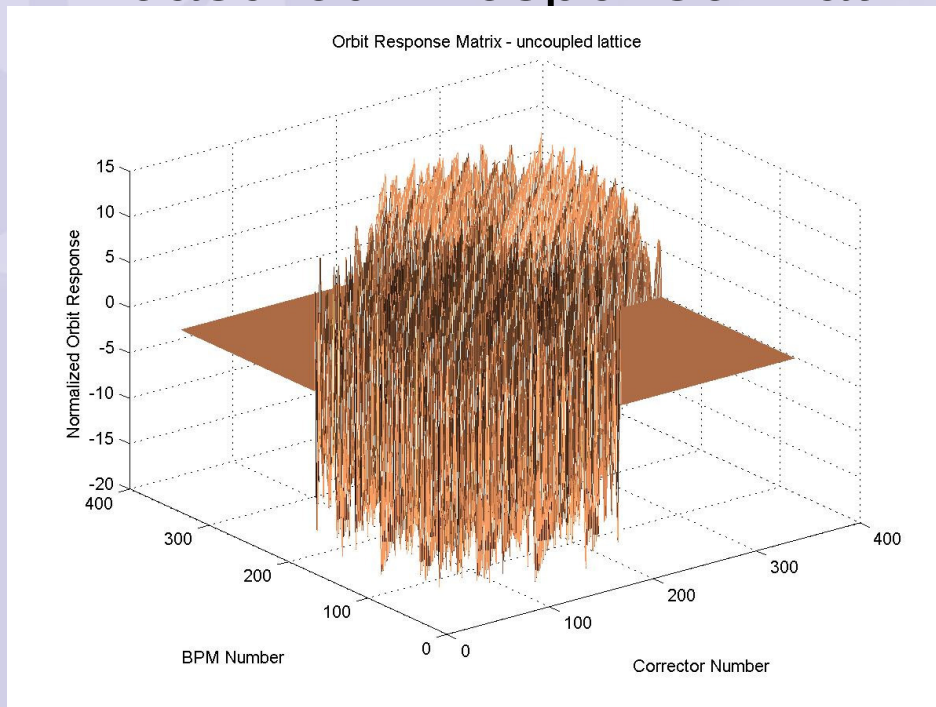
## Basic Virtual Accelerator Functionality

- Set magnet currents
- Read EBPM x/y average calculated using Tracy2 closed orbit
- Read EBPM x/y turn-by-turn buffer using Tracy2 particle tracking





# “measured” Response Matrix



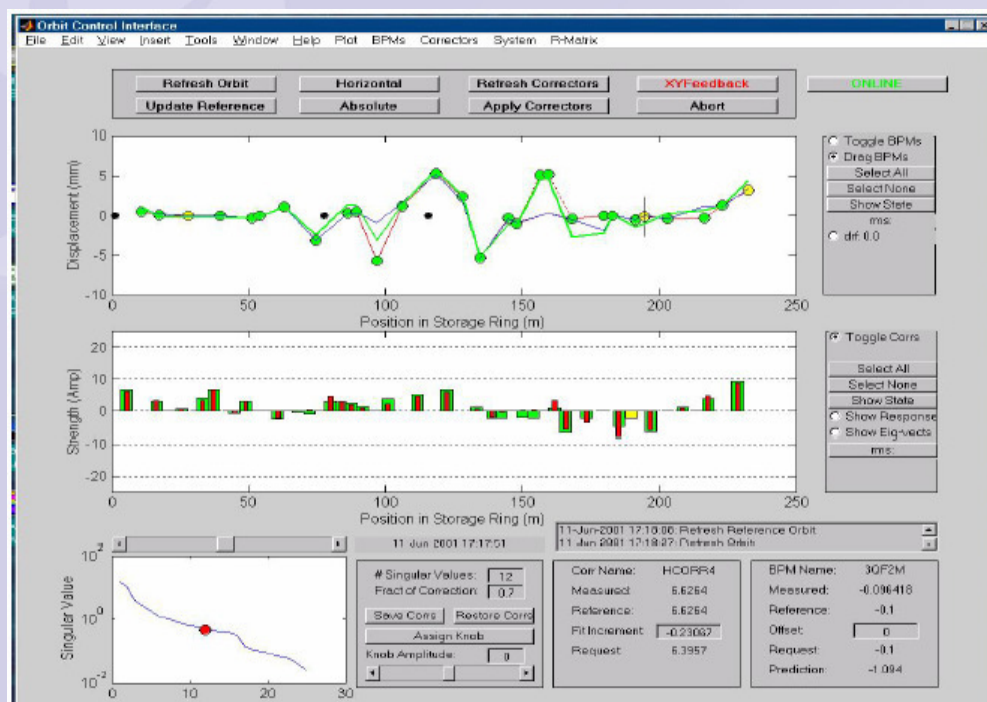
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17

# MatLab AT Based Feedback



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Orbit Correct implemented using AT for Spear 3



18



# FOFB Details

- FB data produced at 4-20 kSamples/s
- Dedicated FB CPU board MVME5500 running vxWorks, but no EPICS IOC, no network.
- RocketIO in Virtex2Pro to run at 2.5 Gbit/s
- PMC card with RocketIO will be board developed for timing system
- Connections inside rack can be galvanic, longer distance will be single mode fibre
- All connections between CIAs will be patched centrally
- Communication is broadcast, no routing or location information is required for any node.

# FOFB Delays (simulated/estimated)

- Distribution of 168 sets of data to 168+24 locations: 30  $\mu$ s
- Transfer to CPU: 10  $\mu$ s
- Matrix multiplication: 30  $\mu$ s (worst case)
- Write into PSU: 50  $\mu$ s
- 200-400  $\mu$ s delay for LP filter
  - > feedback BW  $\gg$  100 Hz should be feasible
- **Detailed simulation is required!**

# Acknowledgements

- DLS: Mark Heron, Ian Martin, Riccardo Bartolini, Tony Dobbing
- Instrumentation Technologies
- Supercomputing Systems